PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

A. L. FRITZ,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
OFFICE—Front Room, over Postoffice,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. H. MAIZE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE AGENT,
OFFICE—Room No. 2, COLUMBIAN Building,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

N. U. FUNK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office in Ent's Building, near Court House,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
AND
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,
Office over Moyer Bro's. Drug Store,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office in Brower's building, 2d floor, room No 1,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

B. FRANK ZARR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office cor. Centre & Main Sts., Clark's building,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
☞ Can be consulted in German.

GEO. E. ELWELL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office, Second floor, COLUMBIAN Building,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

H. V. WHITE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office in Wirt's Building, 2nd floor, Main St.,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

L. S. WINTERSTEEN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
AND
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Office in First National Bank Building, 2d floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
☞ Pensions and bounties collected.

F. P. BILLMEYER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
(DISTRICT ATTORNEY,)
Office over Dentler's Shoe store, Front room,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

ROBERT R. LITTLE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office, COLUMBIAN Building, 2 floor, front room
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

GRANT HERRING,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office over Rawlings' Meat Market,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

W. H. RHAWN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office, corner of Third and Main Streets,
CATAWISSA, PA.

J. B. McKELVY, M. D.,
SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN,
Office, North side Main Street, below Market,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

DR. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office, North Market Street,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

DR. WM. M. REBER,
SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN,
Office, corner of Rock and Market Streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

DR. HONORA A. ROBBINS,
Office and Residence, West First Street,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. J. BROWN, M. D.,
Office and Residence, Third Street, West of Market, near M. E. Church,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
☞ Office hours every afternoon and evening. Special attention given to the eye and the fitting of glasses. Telephone connection.

DR. J. R. EVANS,
TREATMENT OF CHRONIC DISEASES MADE A SPECIALTY.
Office and Residence, Third St., below Market,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

M. J. HESS, D. D. S.,
Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, having opened a dental office in LOCKARD'S BUILDING, corner of Main and Centre streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.,
Is prepared to receive all patients requiring professional services.
ETHER, GAS, AND LOCAL ANÆSTHETICS,
administered for the painless extraction of teeth free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.
ALL WORK GUARANTEED AS REPRESENTED.

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS.
TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES, RICE, SPICES, BICARB SODA, ETC., ETC.
N. E. Corner Second and Arch Sts.
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
☞ Orders will receive prompt attention.

M. C. SLOAN & BRO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Carriages, Buggies, Phaetons, Sleighs, Platform Wagons, &c.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
First-class work always on hand. Repairing neatly done.
☞ Prices reduced to suit the times.

W. H. HOUSE,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Office, Barton's Building, Main St., bel. Market,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
All styles of work done in a superior manner, and all work warranted as represented.
TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN,
by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.
☞ To be open all hours during the day.

FARMS BEST location in the South. 8011 Climate and J. FARNOLIA, Claremont Va.

The Columbian.

G. E. ELWELL, J. K. BITTENBENDER, } Proprietors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, AUGUST 16, 1889.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL XXIII, NO 33
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL. LIII, NO 16

MRS. BROWN AND MRS. GREEN.

Said Mrs. Brown to Mrs. Green,
What makes your garments look so clean?
No speck or dirt on them is seen
To mar your linen's glossy sheen;
Your woolen dress that was so soiled,
I thought that it was surely spoiled,
Now looks as spick and span as though
It never had been spattered so!
This fine old lace is firm and white;
Your silk hose keep their colors bright;
Your shawl, your gloves, are spotless, too;
That old print gown seems really new!

In vain my laundress boils and rubs
The clothes, and labors at her tubs;
My newest garments soon look worn,
Get streaked and lusterless and torn.
Said Mrs. Green, in turn: My dear,
Poor soap has spoiled your clothes I fear,
Compelled your laundress first to boil,
Then spend her days in fruitless toil.
My laundress uses IVORY SOAP,
And in its cakes for you there's hope;
What in my clothes so pleases you,
To IVORY SOAP is wholly due.

A WORD OF WARNING.

There are many white soaps, each represented to be "just as good as the 'Ivory';" they ARE NOT, but like all counterfeits, lack the peculiar and remarkable qualities of the genuine. Ask for "Ivory" Soap and insist upon getting it.

Copyright 1886, by Procter & Gamble.

QUICKEST REMEDY KNOWN
For backache, and all sudden, sharp, or long-standing pains or weaknesses of every kind. Virtues of fresh hops, hemlock and pine balsam combined. It is wonderfully
SOOTHING, PAIN-KILLING, CURATIVE and STRENGTHENING.
HOP PLASTER
It satisfies every time. TRY ONE NOW.
25 Cts., 5 for $1.00.
Sold everywhere, or mailed for price.
MY BACK!

OH! for one of those HOP PLASTERS.
Look for signature of the proprietors, HOP PLASTER CO., BOSTON, on the genuine goods.

TWO CHOICE SCHOOLS
Brooke Hall,
For Girls and Young Ladies.
Shortlidge Media Academy,
For Boys and Young Men.
SWITHIN C. SHORTLIDGE, A.M. (Harvard Graduate),
MEDIA, PENNSYLVANIA (NEAR PHILADELPHIA).

B. F. HARTMAN
REPRESENTS THE FOLLOWING
AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANIES
North American, of Philadelphia,
Franklin, " "
Pennsylvania, " "
York, of Pennsylvania,
Hanover, of New York,
Queens, of London,
North British, of London.
OFFICE on Market Street, above Main, No. 5.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

M. P. LUTZ,
(Successor to Freas Brown,)
AGENT AND BROKER,
BLOOMSBURG FIRE & LIFE INS. AGENCY,
(Established in 1865.)
COMPANIES REPRESENTED:

	Assets.
Ætna Fire Ins. Co. of Hartford,	$9,528,388.97
Hartford, of Hartford,	5,258,609.97
Phœnix, of Hartford,	4,778,469.13
Springfield, of Springfield,	3,699,993.98
Fire Association, Philadelphia,	4,512,782.29
Guardian, of London,	2,603,325.71
Phœnix, of London,	6,924,565.48
Lancashire of Eng., (U.S. Branch)	1,642,195.00
Royal of England, " "	4,853,564.00
Mut. Ben. I.f. In. Co. Newark, N J	40,379,228 33

Losses promptly adjusted and paid at this office,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. H. MAIZE,
FIRE INSURANCE AGENT,
Office, Second Floor, COLUMBIAN Building,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Liverpool, London, and Globe, largest in the World, and perfectly reliable.

	Assets.
Imperial, of London,	$9,658,479.00
Continental of New York,	5,239,981.28
American of Philadelphia,	2,401,956,11
Niagara, of New York,	2,260,479.86

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
W. R. TUBBS, PROPRIETOR,
OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Large and convenient sample rooms. Bath rooms, hot and cold water; and all modern conveniences.

Exchange Hotel,
BENTON, PA.
The undersigned has leased this well-known house, and is prepared to accommodate the public with all the conveniences of a first-class hotel.
LEMUEL DRAKE, Proprietor.

IMPORTANT!
Having done business in the United States for years our reputation and responsibility is established. We want three men in your vicinity to represent us, to whom exclusive territory will be given. Handsome outfit free. Salary and expenses paid weekly. Previous experience not required. Write at once for terms. Hardy stock a specialty.
MAY BROTHERS, Nurserymen, Rochester, N.Y.
7-26-d-1m.

GET YOUR JOB PRINTING
DONE AT THE
COLUMBIAN OFFICE

CROWN ACME
THE BEST BURNING OIL THAT CAN BE MADE FROM PETROLEUM.
It gives a brilliant light.
It will not smoke the chimneys.
It will not char the wick.
It has a high fire test.
It will not explode.
It is pre-eminently a family safety oil.
WE CHALLENGE COMPARISON
With any other illuminating oil made.
We Stake Our Reputation,
As refiners, upon the statement that it is
THE BEST OIL
IN THE WORLD.
Ask your dealer for
ACME OIL COMPANY.
DANVILLE, PA.
Trade for Bloomsburg and Vicinity Supplied by
MOYER BROS.,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
sept2-1y.

CLOTHING! CLOTHING
G. W. BERTSCH,
THE MERCHANT TAILOR.
Gents' Furnishing Goods, Hats & Caps
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
Suits made to order at short notice and a fit always guaranteed or no sale. Call and examine the largest and best selected stock of goods ever shown in Columbia county.
Store—next door to First National Bank
MAIN STREET,
Bloomsburg Pa.

TO ADVERTISERS.
A list of 1000 newspapers divided into STATES AND SECTIONS will be sent on application—FREE.
To those who want their advertising to pay, we can offer no better medium for thorough and effective work than the various sections of our Select Local List.
GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.,
Newspaper advertising Bureau,
10 spruce street, New York.
July 12-13.

THAT BOTHERSOME BOY.

HIS ABSENCE CAUSED MORE TROUBLE THAN HIS PRESENCE.

There is a certain age of that playful mischievous animal, the boy, when a home is thought to be made pleasanter for his absence.

Deacon Ezekeil Croft and his wife, "Aunt Mary," as everybody called her, were about to enjoy the felicity of a house, minus "that boy," for Tom, their noisy nephew, had gone to spend a whole fortnight at Sandwich among the glass-blowers and sandpipers.

"What a rest it will be!" sighed Aunt Mary, remembering Tom's hob-nailed shoes and dreadful appetite; and the young professor, who was boarding with them, "thanked his stars"— y their Latin names—that at last he could "have a little peace."

It was just supper time, and the three sat down to a bountiful country table. Aunt Mary, by force of habit, had placed four chairs, but one was vacant, and the pause which followed the blessing was somewhat awkward.

As a general thing Aunt Mary looked over at Tom immediately and said: "Tom, take your elbow off the table," or "Tom, where is your napkin? I do wish that I could ever teach you manners at the table!"

"Uncle 'Zekiel," was apt to ask as soon as there was a pause: "Tom, did you come right home from school and do the chores?" And if—as sometimes happened—Tom could answer in his off hand way: "Yes, sir, all done," then Uncle 'Zekiel would ponder darkly for a few minutes, finally coming out with:

"Tom, how many boys did you take down to the cider-mill a week ago last Saturday?" or something similar.

Then while Uncle 'Zekiel was summoning up the evil deeds of departed Saturdays, the professor found his opportunity.

"'Hadn't ought,' as I have often told you, Master Tom, is entirely contrary to the genius of the English language. "Ought not' is the correct expression," he would add, with a schoolmaster's didactic air.

By this time, in spite of his various sins, Tom, going on with undiminished appetite, had worked his way to about the sixth biscuit.

"I never!" Aunt Mary would say as he took it. "You'll certainly have the dyspepsy, Tom."

"No, Aunt Mary," Tom would answer, his good humor as irrepressible as his appetite. "I'm safe up to ten; ten's my limit—never go over."

So, at this first supper, it is not strange that there was a sudden silence, since the unfailing subject—and object—of conversation was absent.

Finally Uncle 'Zekiel spoke, looking over at the vacant place again.

"Seems kinder lop-sided an' lonesome without Tom, after all."

Now, I guess it will be a happy 'lonesome' for the next two weeks," replied Aunt Mary. "I should like to have a chance to 'hear myself think' once in awhile."

Aunt Mary had an opportunity to "hear herself think" all that evening. There was no one to upset her nerves by sudden hand springs, popping corn, cracking nuts or munching apples while he pretended to study. But, somehow, her quiet thinking seemed a fatiguing operation, for, weary and a little di-pirited in appearance, at half-past eight she rolled up her knitting work and retired for the night.

Neither thoughts nor dreams disturbed her until in the early twilight of the next morning a voice penetrated the mist of slumber land, calling: "Tom! T-o-o-m! Come, Tom!" And looking out she saw her husband standing at the foot of the back stairs, calling with all his might: "Get up, Tom! Time to make the kitchen fire, Tom! Come! Come! T-o-m! Don't be a sluggard!

"Early to bed and early to rise,
Makes a boy healthy, wealthy and wise."

"Why, 'Zekiel Croft," called out Aunt Mary, in astonishment, "be you clean gone off your mind this morning? Don't you remember that that boy's gone to Sandwich?"

"Well, I declare," said Uncle 'Zekiel, sinking down into a splint-bottomed kitchen chair, and laughing until his fat sides shook. "I never thought a word about it! I'm so used to gettin' that boy up in the mornin' that I don't know how to begin the day without it. I'll make the fire right away."

"No, 'Zekiel," said Aunt Mary. "I'll make the fire and you go out to the barn and do Tom's chores."

She dressed herself rather hastily and not quite so neatly as was her habit, and hurried out into the kitchen. There was no kindling wood ready as was usual—no one had th ught of that—and, taking a basket, she went out to the great wood pile and gathered a few chips, so damp from the morning dew that it was sometime before the feeble fire could be coaxed into a blaze hot enough for cooking the morning meal.

But breakfast had been ready a good half hour, and after blowing the horn vigorously twice, she was just on the point of going down to the barn to see what had happened, when Deacon Croft appeared in a most woful plight.

Little rivulets of milk were running down his hair, off the end of his nose, and meandering slowly along his sleeves and trousers; he was dripping wet from head to foot, and the pail was empty.

"'Zekiel Croft," cried Aunt Mary, with uplifted hands, "what hev you done?"

"Well, Mary," said he, looking at her with a moist and milky smile, "I hain't done very much, but the cow she's done consid'able," and he laughed heartily.

"Ye see, Mary, she ain't used to me, and she kinder objected to my milkin' her, an' I hed to smooth her down consid'able before she'd let me begin. An' then I took Tom's milkin' stool, an' I ain't quite so slim as I was once.

"I felt it kinder teeterin' under me two or three times, but I thought I'd set ruther light on it an' get through; but jest as I was goin' to move the pail on one side, I brought my heft down pretty solid, an' the three legs jest softly spread out, and away went Deacon 'Z kiel Croft flat on his back, with his feet flyin' in the air! The cow was so scairt at my antics that she kicked up her heels, too, an', over went the brimmin' pail o' milk, an' here I be perfectly soaked. Well, Mary, they say't a milk-bath's good for the complexion, so you're likely to hev a pretty han'some husband after this."

"Han'some or not, 'Zekiel Croft, do you go an' change your clothes this minute, or you'll have your death-cold. Seems as if every thing goes wrong this morning somehow."

"So it does," said Uncle 'Zekiel, giving a backward glance as he walked off, and then turning fairly around:

"Mary," said he, "I've made a discovery. Tom's a pretty handy boy to have around mornin's."

"I guess you'd thought so if you'd seen me picking up wet chips for kindlin'-wood," sighed Aunt Mary.

"There! I did forget it, after all," said Uncle 'Zekiel, regretfully. "Tom told me the very last thing to be sure an' not forget Aunt Mary's kindlin' wood. That boy must step 'round pretty lively mornin's to get through before school, an' I never thought he did any thing either! Don't seem to, somehow."

At last they gathered around the breakfast table, an hour late. It was silent, like the supper of the night before, and other silent meals succeeded it.

"I don't know what in the world I'm goin' to do about the pieces," said Aunt Mary, complainingly. Tom had been gone six days. "There's pieces of pie we've left settin' all down one of the pantry shelves, and there's that jar of cookies! Its full yet, and it don't last any time when Tom's home. He's worth a sight to eat up the pieces, anyway. Beats all how that boy enjoys eatin'."

"Seems as though we don't eat any thing," she said again that evening as she looked around the supper table discontentedly.

The professor had already folded his napkin, and was looking through his glasses straight before him with a serious air.

"Isn't there any thing more that you would like?" she asked, turning to him.

"Thank you, no," he replied. "I was just thinking," he added, rather primly, "as I looked at the empty place, that nature abhors a vacuum, and it would be rather pleasant to have Tom's merry face opposite me."

"Twould be a great thing for the cookies and pies, anyway," remarked Uncle 'Zekiel. "They're just spilin' for him, to say nothing of the evenin' chores," and he walked out heavily to stable the horse, lock up the barn and split the kindling.

About eight o'clock that evening they all gathered in the old-fashioned sitting room, around the cheerful open fire, for the evening was cool. The professor sat at his own little table, writing a very learned article on "The Higher Education;" Aunt Mary was knitting on a warm and cozy looking red mitten—not a very large one—and Uncle 'Zekiel was busy trying to find out from the columns of the village paper which party was going to save the country in the coming elections.

It was perfectly "quiet," and they were enjoying "peace." Not a sound broke the silence until a cricket, thinking itself alone, came out on the hearth and chirped a little.

"There," said Aunt Mary, "I'm thankful to hear something. Seems as if we're having a funeral here nowadays."

Uncle 'Zekiel looked over the top of the paper and caught her furtively wiping away a tear.

"Now, now, Mary, that'll never do," said he, soothingly. "What's gone wrong to-day?"

"Oh, I don't know what is the matter," she replied. "Perhaps I'm nervous. But it's dreadful lonesome."

Uncle 'Zekiel arose, and laying aside the paper, walked up and down the room with his hands clasped behind him, as he was in the habit of doing when meditating any serious project, such as going into town or running down to the beach for a day or two.

"Mary," said he, after a few turns, "I'm going into Boston to-morrow on some business, an' I guess I'd better run down to Sandwich an' bring that boy home with me next day."

Aunt Mary's face went through a kaleidoscopic change, and came out beaming like a full moon.

"That's the very best thing you can do, 'Zekiel," said she. "Bring him right home to morr w afternoon, and I'll have just the best supper for him. Seems as if I'd been living for the last week in a kind of deaf and dumb asylum."

The professor looked up from his learned theme with a gratified air.

"Yes," said he, with his characteristic primness of expression, "it would indeed be exceedingly agreeable to see Master Tom's beaming countenance once more at our evening repast."

But Tom! What a delightful time he was having at Sandwich! Nobody said "Don't" to him from morning until night. He had often thought that had he been the author of that famous little volume "Don't," and founded it on his own experience, it would have been as large as the Unabridged Dictionary. He took such deep, full breaths of freedom with no one to criticise every movement.

Mr. Saunders, whose son Tom was visting, was a glass-blowing philosopher, perfectly devoted to his calling, a department which gave him frequent opportunities for that meditation which all philosophers love. He believed that children had altogether too much pruning and nagging, and used to say to Aleck, his eldest boy: "Look here, Aleck, you do what you think is about right to-day, and if you make any mistakes, come to me and we will see what we can do about it."

The plan seemed to have worked well so far, but then Aleck Saunders was a remarkably good boy naturally, and needed little pruning.

On the Friday of Uncle 'Zekiel's unexpected advent, the two boys had been all over the glass works. It was one of Mr. Saunders' leisure days, and instead of "philosophizing," he went over the works with them, explaining every process, and Tom had been allowed to blow something that came out looking like the "missing link" between a cow and an elephant.

He had just come out, his brow curls all blown about by the salt sea breeze, and was proudly displaying this nondescript animal to Mrs. Saunders and the children when Uncle 'Zekiel opened the gate.

Down dropped the glass moments, shivering into fragments, while Tom flew down the walk to meet his uncle.

"Oh, Uncle 'Zekiel!" he cried, catching hold of his brown hand, "is any thing the matter with Aunt Mary?"

Tom had no mother and he loved Aunt Mary dearly in spite of her fault-finding.

"Yes," replied Uncle 'Zekiel, with a cheerful air, "she's pretty bad."

"What is it?" asked Tom, anxiously.

"Well," replied Uncle Zekiel, "I dont exactly know the name of the disease, but the symptums is that she's 'dreadful lonesome' without the company of a certing boy called Thomas Jefferson Croft."

"You don't mean it, Uncle," cried Tom, with an air of incredulity.

"'Mean it?' She says the house is like a deaf-and-dumb asylum, and she can't stand it nohow, so I hed to come down after you.

Tom's lips quivered, and two great tears gathered in his eyes and glistened on his cheeks like shining diamonds. He threw his arms around Uncle 'Zekiel's neck and gave him a good hug.

"Uncle," said he, "I never was so happy in my life! I thought I was nothing but a bother to her," and then dashed off behind the house, that no one might see the tears he could not repress. Then he sat down upon a stone, wiped his eyes and gave up his dark schemes of going West just as soon as he was old enough.

They went home the next afternoon, and want a supper Aunt Mary had for them. Fried chicken and hot buiscuits—double the usual quantity—Tom's favorite strawberry preserves, cookies, jelly-cake, and a crisp apple "turn-over" laid right by Tom's plate.

They were all very gay and happy together, as Tom ate with undiminished appetite and related the adventures of the week.

Aunt Mary looked around with a beaming face.

"Well," said she, as they sat back from the table, "this is something like livin' again. I should hev had dyspepsy myself in another week."

"Yes," said the young professor, "while there is often a serious incompatibility between youth and maturity, yet it must be confessed that the presence of the young at the festal board is extremely exhilarating."

But "that boy" Tom jumped up so hastily that his chair fell back with a loud crack—nobody said "Don't, Tom," —and then he went around to Aunt Mary's chair, leaned over and softly kissed her faded cheek. I'm so glad to be at home again," he said.—Kate Virginia Darling, in Youth's Companion

SCALPED ALIVE.

HOW IT FEELS TO HAVE THE TOP OF ONE'S HEAD TORN OFF.

The story of a soldier named Delos G. Sanbertson, of Monroe County, Mich., is the first actual description, I believe, that any one has ever heard of how it feels to be scalped. While he was in the hospital at Laramie I heard him tell the story many times, and every time it made me shudder, as it does still whenever I think of it.

Sanbertson belonged to the United States infantry, which was part of General Custer's command in his campaign against the Indians in 1869. He participated in many of the engagements of that campaign, the most important of which was the fight with the celebrated Black Kettle's band on the Ouachita. It was in this fight that Sanbertson was wounded and scalped by the Indians, and I remember that nearly all of the old frontiersmen said that he was the only person they ever knew up to that time who had been thoroughly and unmistakably scalped and lived to tell of it.

For some days before the meeting with Black Kettle, Custer's scouts had been bringing in reports that the wily chief was camped somewhere on the Ouachita, and that he was sending out predatory bands of his warriors to plunder settlers and immigrant trains. Custer decided to hunt him up and punish him. The infantry was two miles in advance of the cavalry, when one day, just at daylight, it came in sight of the enemy's camp.

"We were on a high hill overlooking the valley," Sanbertson said, in giving the account of the affair, "and the Indians were below. It was in the middle of the winter and the snow was deep. The Indian camp was in a rocky spot, and as the women and children were there it was evidently the headquarters of the band. It was determined to surprise the village, and a portion of our command was sent through the woods to the right to get in the rear of the camp, while the remainder advanced quietly down the mountain, from the top of which a good trail led to the valley through the thick woods. This maneuvering was successful that before our presence was discovered by the Indians we were within four hundred yards of the camp, and the detachment that was sent to open fire in the rear had arrived in position. We knew by the yells of the Indians and the great commotion among them that we were discovered, and we began the attack. Firing began on both sides of them at once, and this caused what at first promised to be a panic among the Indians that would make our victory an easy one, but suddenly an Indian of enormous stature and build, his face hideously streaked in crossbars with bright yellow and vermillion paint, came dashing into the midst of the surprised and panic-stricken band from some place among the rocks, riding a black pony. His yell could be heard above everything else as he dashed to and fro among his warriors, and the effect of his presence immediately changed the whole situation. In less than two minutes every Indian was in position behind some rock or tree, and we knew the fight would be a desperate one.

"We were in secure position, but the Indians were just as secure as we were. The only way we could hope to defeat them was to charge upon their stronghold, dislodge them, and settle the affair by a desperate hand to hand fight. We were ordered to charge down the hill upon the enemy, and we rushed headlong right into the Indian camp, every man of us yelling as hideously as the red devils themselves. As soon as we emerged from the woods we were met with rifle balls from every side, and a good many poor fellows never reached the camp. The detachment in the rear of the camp came into the conflict from that side, and we forced the Indians out from their hiding places to the open ground, and the battle raged right among their tents. Black Kettle seemed to be everywhere. His hideous presence prolonged the fight. He held his warriors to the ground, and the women and even the children took part in it, and among the dead that soon strewed the snow, squaws and papooses were mingled. In a few minutes the snow for rods around was dyed as red with the blood from the dead and wounded as the paint on Black Kettle's face.

"In a hand to hand fight like this of course it was every man for himself, and I soon found myself on the edge of the camp firing, and bayoneting, and clubbing my gun just as the situation for the moment required. A messmate of mine who was fighting by my side was killed by an Indian who fired from behind a tent, and he fell so I was obliged to step over him. As I did that a ball shattered my arm at the elbow, and it fell helplessly at my side. Immediately following that shot a big Indian, doubtless the one who had killed my messmate, sprang from behind the tent and rushed at me with his tomahawk raised. My gun was empty, and my left hand being useless I could not load. I would have run my bayonet through the advancing Indian, though, before he could have used his tomahawk on me, but an Indian woman had stolen up behind me, and she threw one arm about my neck and jerked me backward in the snow.

"None of our men were near me as the thickest part of the fight was in another part of the camp. The big Indian who had come at me with his tomahawk seemed to be also the only warrior of this band who was not in the general engagement. The squaw who had jerked me down in the snow held me there by my hair, and a lot of other squaws and children came swarming from tents in all directions to the spot. They surrounded me, spit in my face, jumped on my body, kicked me, pinched me, thrust the points of knife blades in my flesh, and tortured me in every way they could think of. Besides, my arm was paining me tremendously and dyeing the snow all around me with blood that flowed from the wound. The big Indian stood by with a tomahawk in his hand, and fortunately for me, he gave the women and their young devils too much time to have their sport with me, for suddenly there came the sound of a gun near by, and two squaws fell dead in the snow by my side. One of our boys had discovered my situation. The other squaws and their young ones scampered away, but the big Indian was determined to run the risk of getting my scalp any way, and he pounced down on me with his knees on my chest, drew his knife, and the next second although it seemed hours to me, the top of my head was in his hand, and he was gone.

"Imagine some one who hates you with the utmost intensity," Sanbertson said, in describing the sensation of scalping, "and he suddenly grabbing a handful of your hair, while you are lying prostrate and helpless, and giving it a quick upward jerk with force enough to almost loosen the scalp: then, while this painful tension is not relaxed, imagine the not-particularly-sharp blade of a knife being run quickly in a circle around your scalp with a sawing-like motion. Then let your imagination grasp, if it can, the effect that a strong, quick jerk on the tuft of hair to release the scalp from any clinging particles of flesh that may still hold it in place, would have on your nerves and physical system, and you will have an inkling of how it feels to be scalped. When that Indian sawed his knife around the top of my head, first a sense of numbness prevaded my whole body. This was quickly followed by a flash of pain that started at my feet and ran like an electric shock to my brain. The sensation was but momentary, but it was terrible. When the Indian tore my scalp from my head it seemed as if it must have been connected with cords to every part of my body. The pain that followed the cutting around the scalp had been frightful, but it was ecstacy compared to the torture that followed the tearing of it from my head. Flashes of pain shot to every nerve. My knees were drawn up almost to my chin, and the fingers of my right hand closed convulsively in the snow, those of my left hand being powerless owing to the shattered arm. That was all I remembered. When I came to I was in a tent. The cavalry had come up in the meantime, and the Indians were routed. Only a few escaped, but Black Kettle was among the few."

Sanbertson lay for weeks in the Government hospital at Fort Laramie perfectly helpless and suffering untold agony. He finally recovered and in the meantime his term of enlistment expired. He had no desire to re-enter the service, and General Custer jocularly remarked to him that he made a mistake in quitting the service. "For think, said the General, "how surprised and disgusted some red devil of an Indian might be if you should stay with us and happen to fall in his hands when he went to raise your hair to find that some one else had been there before him." I saw Sanbertson several years afterwards, and the same pale red, flat round, bare spot was on top of his head, showing where his scalp had been torn away as I had seen it when he left the hospital. He said it was extremely tender, and in damp or cold weather was painful.

The other person I saw at Fort Laramie whose head had been tampered with by the scalping knife was Herman Ganzio. The Indian who was after this man's scalp did not have time to complete the job, for he was compelled to abandon it after having got the scalp ready to tear off. Ganzio, I believe was from Milwaukee, and had been acting as a scout and guide for a party of tourists on the plains in the summer of 1876. The party was scared away from the valley of Hat Creek by Indians, and were on their way across the country to Running Water Creek. Ganzio had gone on ahead to pick out a good place for a camp on their way. He discovered five Indians riding across the valley off to his right and he turned to rejoin his party, who were only a short distance in the rear. He had got within sight of the teamsters when a dozen Indians jumped from the bushes. Ganzio started on a run and shouted for help. The Indians fired on him, and he fell wounded in the shoulder and his leg. The Indians rushed upon him. Ganzio lay flat on his face. One of the Indians pressed his knees on Ganzio's back and grabbed him by the hair. The Indian sawed his knife around the top of Ganzio's head, and his description of the sensation was the same as the one Sanbertson had given at the fort seven years before. Ganzio escaped the torture of the tearing off process, for before the Indians could finish that part of the work Ganzio's friends, a dozen or so in number, were upon the spot, and the Indians fled, not one shot that was fired after them taking effect on any of them. This happened only seventy miles from Fort Laramie, and Ganzio was taken there directly. The army surgeons bound the scalp, hanging to the head by a small connection of flesh. The scalp was bound to its place, and in a few weeks it grew fast there again, but the ugly red scar around the top of ganzio's head, marking the course the Indian's knife had taken, the surgeons said would always be a conspicuous reminder to Ganzio and his friends that he owed the possession of the top of his head to one second of time, for if his friends had delayed their arrival by that much the Scalp and the Indian would have gone away together.—*N. Y. Times.*

SIXTEENTH ANNUAL EXHIBITION.

THE PATRONS OF CENTRAL PENNSYLVANIA WILL ECLIPSE FORMER EFFORTS.

The committee appointed by the Centre County Grange, and Central Pennsylvania Patrons of Husbandry, has decided to hold the Sixteenth annual Picnic-Exhibition in General Taylor's Fort Woods, on the line of the Lewisburg and Tyrone railroad at Centre Hall, the same place where it was held last year with such good success and results. This year's exhibition will begin on Tuesday, September 17, and continue four days. Hon. Leonard Rhone was appointed chairman, assisted by John Dauberman as superintendent of the water supply and general improvements; George Dale superintendent of the machinery department; J. J. Arney superintendent of the boarding house, restaurant and amusement privileges; George Gingerich superintendent of the stock department.

The Grange as well as the public is highly elated over the fact that General Taylor has kindly consented to give the use of his grand grove this year again. Those who visited the place last year were delighted with the beautiful spot that it is and the same will be still better this year. By arrangements with the Centre Hall Water Company a full supply of pure, fresh mountain water will be piped and distributed at convenient points all over the grounds.

A full supply of tents has also been secured and engaged for the accommodation of the people. The railroad facilities will be complete in every detail, so that trains will run each hour of the day so as to be satisfactory to all going and coming.

Applications for tents, exhibition room and restaurant privileges should be made early to Hon. Leonard Rhone, Centre Hall, Pa., who will promptly answer all communications and give such information as may be desired, and refer the same to the proper heads of the different departments.

Taken in all, the arrangements for this year's meeting are far in advance and the prospects are that it will be the largest and most successful affair ever held in Central Pennsylvania.

First Experience in a Sleeping Car.

"I see some queer things while knocking around the county," said a traveling man yesterday, "and one of the funniest circumstances that I can recall happened last Friday night. I was running up the Milwaukee Road a few hundred miles, and when I left Sioux City my only fellow passengers were an old man and his wife, who occupied the lower section across from me. They had their berth made up early and soon retired. I guess it was the first time they had ever traveled in a sleeper by the way they acted, for they were pretty awkward about undressing, and I heard the old lady lecture her husband for not getting a larger room. After much mutual grambling all was quiet, and then came a deep snore accompanied by one a trifle more subdued. It was evident the old people were asleep. At Manila Junction a large party came in and taxed the sleeper to its full capacity. The porter had to remove the baggage of the couple, which was stowed above them, and assigned the berth to a little inoffensive citizen weighing about 120 pounds. He removed his shoes and was climbing into the bunk when the old lady woke up and began screaming. This aroused her husband and he yelled for the porter, who came running down the aisle. 'Say, there's a man just come into our room,' the old gentleman gasped out. The porter tried to explain that he would not annoy them, and had a right to be there. But neither would believe this, and the old man declared that the porter had let him in to rob them. He was also indignant to think any one should be allowed to sleep in the same compartment as his wife, and finally he and the old lady got up and dressed, and insisted on the porter removing the bedding from the berth, so they could use the seats. I peeped through the curtains and saw them both sitting there nodding, but every few minutes they would suddenly remember and sit bolt upright. I pitied the poor, deluded couple, and really the situation was not lacking in pathos, for they were thoroughly in earnest. When I got off the train early next morning they were still sitting there, but both were sound asleep, the old gentleman with his arms around his wife's waist and her head pillowed on his shoulder."—*The Chicago Herald.*

What the Human Intellect can Achieve.

We ought to be perfectly happy that we live in this glorious age of scientific thought. We believe there never was another age in which the astronomer of Harvard Observatory could profound the following problem and receive so many perfectly reasonable answers to it: "Suppose," said he, "that three snakes, each two feet in length, should catch each other by the tip of tail, thus making a circle six feet in circumference. Suppose that each snake should begin to swallow the one in front of him. In what way would the resultant figure, after each snake had swallowed the one in front of him, differ from the original circle?" The answers have been many and various, some of them, we are informed, "entering the consideration of the fourth dimension of space," because any one of the snakes would have followed the two in front of him and yet have been swallowed by the two back of him, and, therefore, would be both inside and outside of his two fellows. The man who lives in an age when men can tackle and grasp and make so clear to others an idea of this sort has no business to be going about talking of the good old times, or looking hopefully forward to anything more sublimanist.—*The Washington Post.*

The Columbian.

G. E. Elwell, J. K. Bittenbender., } Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 16, 1889.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

Washington, D. C. Aug. 12. '89.

Hon. Samuel Sullivan Cox, more widely known perhaps, as "Sunset" Cox, the popular democratic Representative from New York is in Washington. He has just returned from an extended tour of the four new States which he was so influential in making by passing the omnibus enabling act through last Congress. He is enthusiastic in his praise of the people and prospects of the new States. He says he talked no politics while out there, but having an old time habit of keeping his eyes and ears wide open his observations lead him to believe that Washington will certainly go democratic, and if the opinions of well informed people count for anything so will Montana.

The telegraph companies so far have the best of the very interesting fight which is progressing between them and the Government represented by the Postmaster General, who is by law authorized to set the price to be paid for official messages. The old contract being suspended the telegraph companies are compelling the Government officials to pay cash for all their messages, and at transient rates too. The Postmaster General wants them to accept a rate of one mill per word, but the telegraph comanpies say it is not enough.

The administration is, so to speak, on the wing just now, and little is being done in any of the departments outside of routine business. The several secretaries flit in and out of town in a sort of Jack 'O' lantern style that is somewhat bewildering to the fellow who tries to keep track of them.

As a result of an investigation, the town is talking about what a veritable "death trap" the building occupied by the Government printing office is; it is badly ventilated, its sewerage is something awful to think about, and it has not one fourth of the fire escapes needed for the large number of employees. Notwithstanding all these drawbacks the Public Printer says that more than one half of his time is taken up in hearing applications from men and women who are willing to take the chances of working in this dangerous building.

Secretary Noble has surprised a good many people here, notably the officials in the Pension office, by ordering the commission engaged in the investigation of the re-rating of pensions to continue that investigation. He was not satisfied with the preliminary report made covering two months, December 1888 and May 1889, and wants a thorough investigation for a period of twelve months. The Secretary refused to give out the preliminary report but promises that the entire report shall be given to the press as soon as it is completed.

It is stated here that Ex-Attorney General Garland has been engaged by the Northern Pacific Railroad to look after their legal interests in this city at a salary of $25,000 a year.

Frank Hatton is going in tooth and nail in his fight on the civil service law. His largest and most startling charge is that copies of the questions to be asked at examinations in this city have been furnished before hand to such applicants as were willing to pay the price asked for them. This is the most serious charge yet made against this humbug, and if Hatton can prove it, it will go far towards getting the absurd law repealed.

The Navy department has appointed a court of inquiry to investigate the recent accident to the cruiser "Boston." It seems about that time that something was done to make the officers of the Navy exercise a little more care in handling the few war vessels we have. Hardly a week passes that the newspapers are not called upon to chronicle some accident, that, from the standpoint of a "land lubber," might have been avoided.

There is no truth in the report sent out from Washington that the French cook recently discharged from the White House was to bring suit against President Harrison for wages during the summer. It has always been customary to dismiss the French cook at the White House during the summer months when no entertaining is done, and the same course was followed this year.

The people of the country are just beginning to realize the scope of the alien contract labor law consequently the Treasury department is being flooded with complaints from all sections of the country asking investigations of alleged violations of this law.

Indian Commissioner Morgan issued a circular to inspectors in the Indian service instructing them to see that Indian traders are men of good character. If these traders are at present men of good character many of them have been sadly maligned.

The Capital is now at Bar Harbor Maine, from whence several Presidential appointments were announced by telegraph Saturday. They were all under Mr. Blaine's department.

How It Works.

Shortly after his inauguration President Harrison laid down the rule that "the only way to get satisfaction out of public office is to please yourself while in it" Here is the family list of appointments. It indicates one way in which brother Ben is "pleasing himself" and "getting satisfaction" out of the office. A very rich list this is:

1. The President's brother.
2. The President's brother-in-law.
3. The President's father-in-law.
4. The President's son's father-in-law.
5. The President's wife's cousin.
6. The President's son's wife's cousin.
7. The President's nephew.
8. The President's daughter's brother-in-law.
9. The President's brother's son-in-law.
10. The President's wife's niece's husband.
11. The President's son's father-in law's niece's husband.
12. The Private Secretary's brother-in-law.
13. The Secretary of State's son.
14. The Pension Commissioner's two daughters.
15. The Indian Commissioner's wife.
16. The Indian School Superintendent's wife.

A Decision Handed Down by Judge Rockafeller in the Log Cases.

Judge Rockafeller of Sunbury, hasfiled an opinion awardin an injunction to restrain owners of shore and island land and persons who had captured logs from interfering with employees of the Lumberman's Exchange in gathering up logs and lumber which had come down from the booms and mills at Williamsport and Lock Haven in June and had lodged and been caught.

The lumbermen of the West Branch after the flood turned over the control of all lost logs and lumber to the exchange and the latter made contracts with a skidding company of Michigan to gather up and load the logs along the river, and they also made contracts with private contractors to gather up the lumber, clean it and pile it up ready for shipment.

The skidding company put jack mills at a number of places along the river to raise and load the logs on the cars, and a contract was made with the Pennsylvania Railroad Company for hauling the logs to Williamsport.

THE OBSTREPEROUS LAND OWNERS.

The exchange thought there would be no difficulty in settling with land owners and log catchers, but after everything got into operation the workmen were continually stopped by persons who refused the right of entrance upon their lands and by the catchers of logs, who demanded fifty cents a log before giving them up.

The officers of the exchange, after making offers as high as $1.50 per 1000 feet to log catchers and fifty cents per 1000 feet to owners of islands, and being unable to make enough settlements to keep the work in operation, applied on the 31st of July for an injunction to restrain interference with their employees.

The demand of many island owners, who have from 2000 to 10,000 logs, were fifty cents a log also, a price which the exchange was unwilling and unable to pay. To these people, as well as to all other claimants, the exchange proposes to give security for all sums which could be legally recovered, by giving bonds, but they refused to take that security, preferring to hold the logs to enforce their demands.

THE COURT'S OPINION.

The opinion of the Court is exhaustive, covering about forty pages of manuscript and reviewing the legislation and courts upon the questions raised. He holds that the act of 1866 does not apply to the case of logs and lumber carried out by extraordinary freshet, and that the act only applied in case of the international floating of logs on the river. That was the only act which allows fifty cents a log to captors. Under the act of 1862 captors are allowed fifty cents a thousand feet, providing they have complied strictly with the act of 1812 by lodging a list of captured logs with a justice of the peace and having it published

The owners of seven islands below Shamokin Dam who filed affidavits that they had complied with this law were excepted from the injunction without prejudice to the rights of the plaintiff to apply for injunctions against them after making a tender of fifty cents per thousand feet.

In regard to all other of the 173 defendants a special injunction was awarded to restrain them from any interference with the exchange in a removal of the logs and lumber brought down by the June flood, lodged on their land or caught and secured by them. The exchange is to give an injunction bond in $30,000.

Judge Rockefeller's opinion is so sweeping that it is likely that upon second thought those who have been demanding a high price for the privilege to remove the stranded lumber will take a more reasonable amount and share the losses of the lumbermen.

The bill was drawn and presented to the Court by J. N. Hill, of Sunbury, and Congressman McCormick, of Williamsport, assisted him in the argument.

WROTE TO HARRISON.

P. C. MacCourt, now of the Custom House, and lately of the Treasury Department at Washington, does not propose to submit to summary dismissal from the Government service without a struggle.

He is a Democrat, and was appointed under Mr. Cleveland's Administration to a place as messenger in the Treasury. Then he passed non-competitive examination for promotion, and was made a clerk in the Auditor's Department. Subsequently he was transferred to the Custom House here, and was assigned to duty in the Liquidating Bureau, where he has been ever since.

On the 3rd day of this month he received a letter from the Secretary of the Treasury dismissing him from the service in the usual form in which such letters are sent. MacCourt, however did not like this, and immediately upon receipt of his notice of his dismissal he wrote Mr. Windom as follows:

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your favor of the third inst., only received this morning, and in which you inform me that my services as clerk in class E in the office of the Auditor of the Treasury for the P. O. Department will not be required from and after the 15 inst.

I protest against this action of yours as at once illegal and unjust. Illegal because I am under the protection of the Civil Service law, of which your action is, in my opinion, and I think in that of the public, a flagrant violation, and unjust because for the last four years I have been a faithful and diligent employee of the Treasury Department, earning from my chiefs the highest encomium.

Three years ago I did clerical duty for $70 per month, my republican friends doing similar duty receiving double the salary under the protection of the Democratic Administration. If I am to be a victim of my democratic principles, then sir allow me to inform you that the hand that writes this will not fail to make a public example of those sworn to uphold the law, the sacred majesty of which is violated in my humble person.

After affixing his signature to this somewhat remarkable communication, he determined to lay the matter before the President, and on the 7th he wrote Mr. Harrison as follows, addressing the letter to Bar Harbor:

As an Irish-American citizen, one of the race to which you owe your election in this city and State, I appeal to you as Executive of the nation to protect me under the Civil Service law from arbitrary dismissal by your Secretary of the Treasury. Yesterday Mr. Windom sent me a printed form dismissing me from the Treasury Department, being classified under the Civil Service, and therefore, I submit, not to be dismissed without cause.

I have been for years in the service of the United States Government, two of those years doing clerical work at $70 per month in the Assessment division of Internal Revenue Department, for which my republican friends doing clerical work received double the salary.

In this office there were twenty-six clerks, I being the only Democratic appointee, and during those two years not one of those twenty-five Republican appointees was removed under Mr. Cleveland's administration

I therefore appeal to you, Mr. President, as the head Executive of the Government, to protect me in my rights and to request your Secretary of the Treasury to have me placed on the roll of this Custom House, where I have been in the Liquidating Division for the last nine months, and refer to my record as to how I have discharged my duty. Awaiting your reply, I have the honor to remain, very respectfully yours, P. C. MacCourt.

Mr. MacCourt came to this country nineteen years ago, bringing with him Rosa d'Erina, whom he adopted when she was only ten years old, and whose career he watched over until she was married. He is now resting on his oars, and all hands in the Custom House, especially those Democrats who are on the classified civil service list, are admiring his nerve and anxiously waiting to see how these high Government officials will reply to these unique letters.—*World.*

A Razzle-Dazzle Platform.

The only thing in which the journeymen and apprentices, allowed to run the Republican State Convention failed conspicuously was the party platform. The orders on that subject were specific only as to points, leaving the boys to formulate them at will; and the result is a regular razzle-dazzle platform that is a cross between a lame stump speech and a deliverance from Oklahoma town-lot boomers. If the level-headed leaders find out just who framed such a jumbled jargon in the name of a once great party of sincere and manly conviction, they will incline to trade him off for a yellow dog and then shoot the dog.

If party platforms meant any thing these days the recent Harrisburg platform pitched together by the journeymen razzle dazzlers would seriously endanger Speaker Boyer's election, but the people understand that a modern political platform ordered by Senator Quay means nothing whatever beyond a dragnet to scoop up weak votes. They know, also, that "the boys made a regular razzle-dazzle pic-nic of the convention; that every prospective candidate got in his speech either on the floor or in the platform, and so sensible and consistent candidate as Speaker Boyer won't be held responsible for any such exquisite tomfoolery.

There are just two features of the diffused and confused jumble of stale platitudes and curbstone political sayings which will attract the serious attention of votes. They are the declaration in favor of the modification of the present license law and the unqualified approval of Pension Commissioner Tanner's lawless and profligate administration of his department. The license plank is an awkward straddle of the liquor issue, and the pension plank is simply profligacy run mad and the most dangerous assault that could be made upon the legitimate and generous pensions due to true soldiers. The party will be compelled to repeal the internal taxes and thus sweep away $130, 000, 000 of revenue at once, and how is a Tanner pension policy to be maintained with one-third of all our present revenues cut off? Will Congress impose increased taxes upon the people to pay Tanner's increased pensions which were never contemplated by law? If not, how long can a profligate pension policy stand? And when it shall be overthrown, will the revulsion stop with the lideral pension system that Tanner is bringing into contempt by mingled fraud and shameless extravagance? *Times.*

A PRINCE OF AFRICA.

HE ARRIVES IN BOSTON, AND TELLS OF THE MEETING WITH STANLEY.

A bright-looking African prince, whose grandfather was king of the Upper and Lower Congo, and who is one of the six princes who are heirs to the throne, is now in Boston. He reached this country on a sailing vessel that belonged to New Bedford. His English name is Frederick Nicholas Smith, and he speaks the English language quite fluently. He came to this country unexpectedly. He was sailing fram Congo to Sierra Leone, his home, and the vessel bearing him was wrecked. He was saved after a hard fight for his life and was carried to St. Paul. There he met the captain of the American ship and decided to come to this country to finish his education.

The prince is 25 years old, straight as an arrow, with coal black skin, but with features rather pleasant than other wise, despite the presence of scars received in battle. He had an interesting chat with Henry M. Stanley, on the 28th of last November at Kenchassa and Stanley Pool. He had with him about 200 men in excelent health, with their goods, curiosities, etc. Mr. Stanley pitched his tent at that place and there he remained for several days after which he embarked for the Eastern part of Africa. At that time he looked very robust. His voice was like the voice of a lion. The natives looked upon him as a great and mighty man. The Prince's father was a king of the Bruro Tribe. He does not think his people will ever reach an advanced state of civilization. Rum and tobacco do more harm than canbe offset by the teaching of the missionaries are powerless. "While such a condition of affairs exists," said the Prince, "the work of Christianizing the natives of the Congo will be slow.

"The people on the Lower Congo are all half civilized. They are good-tempered and hospitable, but it seems to be very hard for them to receive the Gospel and its teachings. In the Upper Congo they are half wild, and it is not safe for travelers to go among them with out being well armed. The Belgian Government is determined to make the Congo a great and profitable country for its own benefit Every effort is being put forward to develop the territory, and cost is not taken in consideration at all. Plans have been perfected to construct a railroad 470 miles long. The American Government, however, is pursuing a policy that is far from praiseworthy. Things are carried on in that quarter in such a manner that the labor of the missionaries will not be of much avail."

The latest combine to rob the masses is a table glass manufacturing trust with many millions of capital. Judging by the great trusts that have originated since March last, monopolies take as naturally to republican rule as ducks do to water. Queer, indeed are the workings of protection.

Stephen A. Douglas' Son.

It is not generally known that a son of Stephen A. Douglas, of Illinois was born in North Carolina, but such was the case. When the keen Vermonter had won over the Illinois Democracy to send him to Congress in 1843, he was but 20 years of age. There the "Little Giant" met Representative David S. Reid, of North Carolina. Reid was born April 19, 1813, and Douglas April 23, 1813. They were the infants of the Twenty-eighth Congress and a warm friendship sprang up between them.

As a result of their acquaintance Douglas married a kinswoman of Reid, Miss Martha Martin, the daughter of a wealthy North Carolina planter. The son referred to—Robert M. Douglas—was born within thirty miles of where he now lives, at Greensboro. In physical appearance he bears considerable resemblance to his noted father, though rather slight. He has also inherited his share of brains. At the age of nineteen he was Private Secretary to the Governor of North Carolina during the first four years of President Grant's administration was his civilian secretary. In 1872 he was apointed Marshal of North Carolina which position he held for many years. He is now practicing law.

Take Hood's Sarsaparilla 100 Doses One Dollar

The Chief Reason for the great success of Hood's Sarsaparilla is found in the article itself. It is merit that wins, and the fact that Hood's Sarsaparilla actually accomplishes what is claimed for it, is what has given to this medicine a popularity and sale greater than that of any other sarsaparilla or blood purifier before the public.

Merit Wins

Hood's Sarsaparilla cures Scrofula, Salt Rheum and all Humors, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Billousness, overcomes That Tired Feeling, creates an Appetite, strengthens the Nerves, builds up the Whole System.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

I CURE FITS!

When I say CURE I do not mean merely to stop them for a time, and then have them return again. I MEAN A RADICAL CURE. I have made the disease of

FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS,

A life-long study. I WARRANT my remedy to CURE the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a FREE BOTTLE of my INFALLIBLE REMEDY. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and it will cure you. Address

H. G. ROOT, M.C., 183 PEARL ST., NEW YORK

W. H. BROOKE & CO.

Ladies who prefer to use a nice quality of stationery for their correspondence should inquire for Crane's Ladies' Note, Marcus Wards' Royal Irish Linen, or Lyons' Parchment Linen—all of these with envelopes to match. These goods are the three acknowledged leaders in fine stationery both at home and abroad. We have them in boxes and by the quire.

The little Sunday School song book SOWING AND REAPING is selling rapidly. Send for sample sheets and prices to Sunday Schools.

Sunday School library class books, merit cards, etc,

W. H. BROOKE & Co.,
Booksellers and Stationers.

IT'S A MISTAKE
OF YOUR'S

If you fail to examine our stock of "Special Made Clothing."

Don't purchase until you have seen ours.

WE GUARANTEE

All our garments to be of Superior Fabrics, Correctly Styled, Artistically made, and much lower priced than any other first-class clothing.

Remember, we are practical Tailors and Clothiers doing a large business.

We are direct importers.

We sell to the consumer at

FIRST COST

Clothing may be ordered from us by mail. Samples of cloth and full instructions "How to take measure and obtain a perfect fit" sent Free of Charge.

When writing for samples please mention this paper.

E. O. THOMPSON

Special Made Clothing,
1338 CHESTNUT STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.
[Directly opposite the Mint.]

MARKET REPORTS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKET.

	Wholesale.	Retail.
Wheat per bushel	85 to 95	
Rye " "	50	
Corn " "	45	
Oats " "	32	10
Flour " bbl		6.00
Butter	81	23
Eggs	14	16
Ham	13	15
Dried Apples	03	5
Side	08	10
Shoulder	8	10
Geese		
Lard per lb	10	12
Vinegar per gal	20	30
Veal skins	07	
Wool per lb	35	
Hides	5 to 7	

B. F. Savits,

PLUMBER AND GAS FITTER.

DEALER IN

STOVES, PUMPS, FITTING, &c.

Tin Roofing a Speialty.

ESTIMATES FURNISHED ON ALL WORK IN HIS LINE.

First door in Bloomsburg Opera House.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Elias George, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned appointed an auditor, by the Orphans' Court of Columbia County, to make distribution of the balance in accountant's hands to and among the parties entitled thereto, will attend at his office in Bloomsburg, on Thursday, the 15th day of August, now next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon; when and where all persons having claims are required to present them for allowance or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund.

JOHN G. FREEZE,
July 19-1889-ts. Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Geo. Winner, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, appointed an auditor, by the Orphans' Court of Columbia County, to distribute balance in hands of the executors to and among the parties entitled thereto, will attend at his office in Bloomsburg, on Friday, the 16th day of August, now next, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon; when and where all persons having claims are required to present them for allowance or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund.

GUY JACOBY,
Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Paul Fortner, deceased.

The undersigned auditor, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, to make distribution of the fund in the hands of C. C. Evans, administrator, as shown by his first and final account, will sit at the office of C. C. Evans Esq. in Berwick, on Friday, August 23, 1889, at 9 o'clock a. m., to attend to the duties of his appointment, when and where all persons having claims against said estate must appear and prove the same or be forever debarred from any share of said fund.

GRANT HERRING,
7-19-4t. Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Thomas L. Ball, deceased.

The undersigned auditor appointed by the Orphan's Court of Columbia county to make distribution of the fund in the hands of the executor of said decedent as shown by the first and final account, to and among the parties entitled thereto, will sit at his office in Bloomsburg on Friday, August 9, 1889, at ten o'clock in the forenoon to perform the duties of his appointment, when and where all persons having claims against said fund must appear and prove the same, or be forever debarred from any share thereof.

L. S. WINTERSTEEN,
July 12-4w. Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In Re-Estate of James Jacoby, late of borough of Berwick, deceased.

The undersigned appointed auditor, to pass upon the exceptions filed to the confirmation of the account, and also to make distribution of the fund in the hands of administrator, to and among the parties entitled thereto, will meet the parties interested, and attend to the duties of his appointment, on Monday, August 12, 1889, at 9 o'clock a. m., at his office in the Town of Bloomsburg, when and where all persons having claims against said fund must appear and prove the same or be forever debarred from any share therof.

ROBT. R. LITTLE,
July 9-1889. Auditor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Philip Springer, late of Madison twp.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Philip Springer, late of Madison Township, have been granted by the Register of Wills to Margaret Springer, to whom all persons indebted to the estate are required to make payment; and to whom all claims are to be presented, properly authenticated for settlement.

Or to MARGARET SPRINGER,
JOHN G. FREEZE, Esq., Administratrix.
Atty. Jerseytown, Pa.
6t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE

Estate of Samuel Appleman, deceased.

The undersigned auditor, appointed by the Orphans' Court, of Columbia County, to make distribution of the money in the hands of the Executor, to and among the parties entitled thereto, will sit at his office in Bloomsburg, on Monday, September 2nd, 1889, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to attend to the duties of his appointment, when and where all persons having claims against said estate must appear and prove them, or be forever debarred from any share of said fund.

J. H. MAIZE,
Auditor.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Vend. Ex. issued out of the court of Common Pleas of Col. Co., Pa., and to me directed there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, Bloomsburg, Pa., at 10 o'clock a. m., on

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1889.

All that certain lot or piece of land situate in the Town of Bloomsburg, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to-wit: On the north by Pine alley, on the east by Miller's alley, on the south by lot of T. B. Miller and on the west by lot of Denison Brink, containing

Thirty-Three Feet

on Pine alley, and one hundred and seven feet more or less on Miller's alley whereon is erected

A LARGE FRAME STABLE.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of Eli Jones vs Denison Brink, and to be sold as the property of Denison Brink.

LITTLES, JOHN B. CASEY,
Atty's. Sheriff.
8-5-'86. ts.

JUST RECEIVED! JUST RECEIVED!
STYLES FOR FALL! STYLES FOR FALL!

Clothing for Men, Youths, Boys and Children,

that cannot be equalled to select from. The latest and most stylish lot of

Hats, Caps and Men's Furnishing Goods

just received that will excel all others that we have had.

We are determined to have what is wanted in the line of

CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS TRUNKS AND FURNISHING GOODS,

and POSITIVELY will save you more money than to buy them in Wilkesbarre or Scranton.

As have said before our

Prices are always the lowest,

And Our MOTTO is Always

"FAIR DEALING"

RESPECTFULLY YOURS,

I. MAIER, The Reliable Clothier.

The Largest Clothing and Hat House in Columbia and Montour Counties

M'Killip Bros, Bloomsburg.

Photographs & Crayons.
Correct Styles, Perfect Finish.

Copying, Enlarging, Viewing, and Frames to Order.

SCOTT'S EMULSION
OF PURE COD LIVER OIL
AND HYPOPHOSPHITES
Almost as Palatable as Milk.

So disguised that it can be taken, digested, and assimilated by the most sensitive stomach, when the plain oil cannot be tolerated; and by the combination of the oil with the hypophosphites is much more efficacious.

Remarkable as a flesh producer.

Persons gain rapidly while taking it.

SCOTT'S EMULSION is acknowledged by Physicians to be the Finest and Best preparation in the world for the relief and cure of

CONSUMPTION, SCROFULA, GENERAL DEBILITY, WASTING DISEASES, EMACIATION, COLDS and CHRONIC COUGHS.

The great remedy for Consumptian, and Wasting in Children. Sold by all Druggists.

DR. THEEL
538 North Fourth Street, below Green, Philadelphia, Pa. With 42 years special practical experience, guarantees to cure you more quickly, safely and permanently than any advertising physician, no matter who he may be from what College he graduated, or what he may claim to do. Dr. Theel offers $2000 to any advertising physician (so-called specialist) who can excel him in the correct diagnosing and successful treatment of all Curable

SPECIAL DISEASES AND BLOOD POISON,

OBSTINATE ULCERS, BLOTCHES, ERUPTIONS, PIMPLES, SWELLINGS, INFLAMATION, Lost Vitality, Early Decay, Physical and Mental Prostration, Melancholia, Bladder and Kidney Diseases. (Acute cases 4—10 days). Relief at once. MY METHOD combining the Allopathic, Homeopathic, Eclectic & Botanic systems of medicine, including Electricity, the only one known that cures permanently the worst cases. Largest Hospital and Private Practical Experience with every remedy and means known to science for quickest recovery and permanent cure. The most dangerous cases solicited. Young, middle-aged and old men write or call for book Truth, exposing frauds, their influence to victimize sufferers. Thousands are disappointed by quacks, claiming 30 to 40 years experience which they do not possess, their exaggerating and lying advertisements in which they picture diseases in a most horrible form, thus giving the poor sufferers false ideas depriving them of all hope making them victims of nervousness or insanity. Best skill in the beginning will save money, suffering and fears. Hours, 8-4, 6-8 Wed. & Sat. 8-12 m. Sun. 10-11. WOMEN & CHILDREN'S diseases treated at this Office by an eminent specialist. His hours are from 12 to 4.

HIRES

25c HIRES' IMPROVED 25c
ROOT BEER!
IN LIQUID NO BOILING EASILY MADE
THIS PACKAGE MAKES FIVE GALLONS
MAKES FIVE GALLONS DELICIOUS AND SPARKLING

ROOT BEER

The most APPETIZING and WHOLESOME TEMPERANCE DRINK in the world. TRY IT.

Ask your Druggist or Grocer for it.

C. E. HIRES, PHILADELPHIA.
June 21 d-4t.

FREE $85 Solid Gold Watch sold for $150, until lately. Best $50 watch in the world. Perfect timekeeper. Warranted. Heavy Solid Gold Hunting Cases. Both ladies' and gents' sizes, with works and cases of equal value. One Person in each locality can secure our fine, together with our large and valuable line of Household Samples. These samples, as well as the watch, we send Free, and after you have kept them in your home for 3 months and shown them to those who may have called, they become your own property. Those who write at once can be sure of receiving the Watch and Samples. We pay all express, freight, etc. Address Hinson & Co., Box 418, Portland, Maine.

WHY we Solicit your Orders.

I. P. THOMAS AND SON. MANUFACTURERS OF BONE FERTILIZERS PHILADELPHIA, PA.

BECAUSE we have the experience as practical Farmers and Manufacturers for Twenty Years.

BECAUSE of our extensive manufactory and acid chambers.

BECAUSE we give our entire personal attention to the manufacturing of Fertilizers. This is our specialty, and we place at your disposal all our facilities.

For these reasons we make the thorough guarantee found on first page of our circular. We have a full line of goods, and are prepared to place them within your reach. Let our representatives have your orders early.

FOR SALE BY

DAVID LONG, MILL GROVE.
NATHAN MILLER, MAINVILLE

For Your

SPRING SUITS

go to

LOWENBERG'S,

The Oldest Merchant : Tailoring Establishment in

COLUMBIA COUNTY.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

CHANGE OF BASE.

NEW FIRM

Cummings & Verdy,

BAKERS AND CONFECTIONERS,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Wm. B. Cummings and George W. Verdy having purchased the entire Baking and Confectionery business of B. S. Ohmer in the exchange Block announce that after July 1st, 1889, they will constantly supply the public with

FRESH BREAD, CAKES,
ROLLS, BISCUITS, ETC.
OF EVERY VARIETY.

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FRUITS and NUTS.
ICE CREAM PARLORS ATTACHED.

Orders for parties, picnics, festivals, etc. solicited.

Feeling assured that we can please we ask a share of public patronage.

June 28 '89-tf. CUMMINGS & VERDY.

COME AND HAVE YOUR EYES EXAMINED BY

J. G. Wells, the Optician,

WHO HAS JUST COMPLETED A THOROUGHLY PRACTICAL COURSE AT BUCKLIN'S OPTHALMIC COLLEGE, NEW YORK.

NO Extra Charge MADE for Examining Eyes,

—PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED.—

Fine line pebble and white crystal lenses constantly in stock, also the

Finest line of watches, clocks, and jewelry in Bloomsburg.

Fine watch work and jobbing neatly and quickly executed. All work guaranteed to give satisfaction.

CARPETS and MILLINERY.

Canton Mattings, cheap, to close them out. From 13½cts. up.
RAG CARPETS. LARGE ASSORTMENT.
HANDSOME PATTERNS.
Cheaper than you can make them.
A SPECIALTY—OUR 50ct RAG CARPET. A LARGE LINE OF
New Ingrains at 50cts NEW ART SQUARES.

at KEITER'S,

Next door to I. W. Hartman & Son's, Bloomsburg Pa.

WILLIAMS & ROGERS'

Rochester Business University.

A LEADING, POPULAR, PRACTICAL COMMERCIAL SCHOOL.

Commercial Sherthand, Practical English and Military Departments.

Presents an opportunity for securing preparation for the real work of life, which thousands of Young Men have found a stepping stone to HONORABLE and CONSPICUOUS SUCCESS. The Institution is in a most prosperous condition, and its patronage is composed of a superior class of young men and women from all parts of the continent. Send for catalogue and illustrated circular to

Aug. 16 '89. WILLIAMS & ROGERS, Rochester, N. Y.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall St., N. Y.

The Columbian

Published every Friday. Subscription price, $1.00 a year.

Entered at the Post Office at Bloomsburg, Pa., as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

BLOOMSBURG, PA

FRIDAY, AUGUST 16, 1889.

CORRECT RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

BLOOMSBURG & SULLIVAN RAILROAD

Taking effect MONDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1888.

	SOUTH.			NORTH.		
STATIONS.	Ar. P. M.	Ar. P. M.	Ar. A.M.	Lv. A.M.	Lv. P. M.	Lv. P. M.
Bloomsburg	6 38	1 05	8 09	8 35	2 45	6 40
Main Street	6 18	12 53	7 58	8 46	2 56	6 51
Iron dale	6 16	12 50	7 56	8 48	2 41	6 54
Paper Mill	6 08	12 40	7 48	8 56	2 52	7 04
Lightstreet	6 05	12 35	7 45	9 00	2 57	7 08
Orangeville	5 51	12 20	7 35	9 10	3 20	7 16
Forks	5 45	12 09	7 20	9 25	3 36	7 31
Tubbs	5 42	11 58	7 15	9 30	3 42	7 36
Stillwater	5 37	11 45	7 10	9 37	3 50	7 43
Benton	5 28	11 30	7 01	9 47	4 15	7 52
Edson	5 23	11 20	6 56	9 51	4 20	7 56
Cole's Creek	5 20	11 15	6 52	9 56	4 24	8 00
Sugarloaf	5 15	11 10	6 48	10 03	4 28	8 05
Laubachs	5 12	11 05	6 45	10 04	4 33	8 10
Central	5 06	10 57	6 38	10 12	4 40	8 15
Echo Park	5 03	10 52	6 35	10 15	4 43	8 19
Jamison City	5 00	10 45	6 30	10 20	4 50	8 25
	Lv. P.M.	Lv. A.M.	Lv. A.M.	Ar. A.M.	Ar. P.M.	Ar. P.M.

Trains on the P. & R. R. R. leave Rupert as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
7:32 a. m.	11:02 a. m.
3:31 p. m.	6:23 p. m.

Trains on the D. L. & W. R. R. leave Bloomsburg as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
7:12 a. m.	8:32 a. m.
10:57 a. m.	12:06 p. m.
2:35 p. m.	4:15 p. m.
6:36 p. m.	7:47 p. m.

Trains on the N. & W. B. Railway pass Bloom Ferry as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
10:48 a. m.	12:37 p. m.
6.26 p. m.	4:30 p. m.
SUNDAY.	
NORTH.	SOUTH.
10:48 a m	6:39 p m

SALES.

AUGUST 31.—Mrs. E. C. Hagenbuch, administrix of J. J. Hagenbuch, deceased will sell a spring wagon, sleigh, and a lot of wheelwright tools, at S. Knorr's shop in Bloomsburg, at 1 p. m.

FOR SALE.—A desirable and commodious residence on Main street, supplied with water, gas and steam. Apply to
jan20tf. L. N. MOYER.

AUGUST 23.—The administrators of Permon Fahringer, deceased, will sell three tracts of land in Locust township at 10 o'clock. At same time personal property of said decedent, and also personal property of Rachael Fahringer will be sold. See advertisement.

FOR SALE.—A farm about a mile from Afton, containing 50 acres, all under cultivation, with good buildings, with all this year's crops, farming implements and stock will be sold at private sale. For particulars inquire of J. S. Williams, Bloomsburg.
7-26 tf.

FOR SALE.—A fine farm containing eighty-six acres, situate in Columbia County, about 250 yards from D. L. & W. R. R., and having upon it fine large buildings, a never failing spring of water, is offered for sale upon easy terms. Address to
GEO. B. REIMENSNYDER,
7-19-tf. Sunbury, North'd. Co., Pa.

FOR SALE.—A valuable vacant lot on Market St., seven lots on Eighth Street, ten dwellings and a good store property in Bloomsburg. Six farms, two grist mills and two store properties in Col. Co. A good farm of 367 acres with good buildings in Virginia and two farms in Kansas by M. P. Lutz Insurance and Real Estate Agt., Bloomsburg Pa.

WANTED.—A good girl for general housework. Pay $2 00 a week. Inquire of Dr. I. W. Willits, Bloomsburg.

Two girls wanted at the Exchange Hotel, Bloomsburg.

Personal.

Misses Annie Miller, Vida Miller and Lottie Kuhn are at Asbury Park, N. J.

Miss Pauline Groff of Danville, is the guest of Misses Annie and Jo McKelvy.

Mr. Morris Shipley of Cincinnati is with his family at Mr. William Neal's.

Mr. William Sears spent several days at Mountain Grove.

The regular meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held on Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock, Aug. 20th.

S. D. Neyhard is able to be out again after being confined to the house for a couple of weeks by illness.

Daniel Hartman of Benton was in town on Monday, and took out letters of administration in the estate of his sister, Mrs. Hippensteel.

Surgeon-General Grier of the U. S. Navy and his son of Washington, and Mrs. Bell of Baltimore are the guests of Rev. and Mrs. I. M. Patterson.

Voris Auten, Esq. of Mt. Carmel, has been nominated by the Democrats of Northumberland county for District Attorney. He ought to be elected, and if so he will fill the position ably.

W. J. Barry is still holding the position of clerk in the office of the Girard House, Philadelphia, and he is very popular with the patrons of that well-known hotel. He knows everybody that arrives, and does all in his power to make their stay pleasant. Mr. Barry resided in Bloomsburg for some time, being connected with the engineer corps on the B. & S. R. R.

Rev. W. C. Leverett will sail for home on Aug. 31st.

Danville vs. Bloomsburg at Athletic Park Saturday afternoon August 17th. This will be the best game of the season.

A moonlight dance will take place at Oak Grove on Friday night. It will be a private affair, and the grove will not be open to the public.

The Mite Society of the Baptist Church will hold a Festival at the house of Mrs. Rice on Rock street on Friday evening. Mrs. Rorer's Ice Cream and Cake will be served.

Rev. Wm. E Fischer of Centre Hall, who was recently elected pastor of the Lutheran church of this place was in town Sunday and Wednesday of this week.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla, by purifying and enriching the blood, improves the appetite, aids the assimilative process, strengthens the nerves, and invigorates the system. It is, therefore, the best and most thoroughly reliable alterative that can be found for old and young.

Life size crayons in gold frames only $10.
tf M'KILLIP BROS.

A lamp exploded in the office of the Exchange Hotel stable on Monday evening about 8 o'clock. It was discovered at once and extinguished before it had gained any headway. A large crowd of people was called together by the alarm, and the Friendship hose carriage was out, but there was no use for the hose. Had the flames gotten a fair start it would have made an extensive conflagration.

J. H. Hartman of New Columbia recently purchased a new farm wagon of the firm of Appleman & Bros., Benton, Pa. The wagon is a handsome and substantial one, made after the best style of that well known firm. The shops of Appleman & Bros. are well supplied with the best machinery for the manufacture of farm and spring wagons, and they are skillful mechanics. A call at their shops will well repay those who need anything in their line.

The dwelling of William Rabb, on the Scott town hill was entered on Wednesday morning at two o'clock by a burglar, who got in through a side window that had been left ufastened. He lit a kerosene lamp and was helping himself, when he was heard by the family, and he made a hasty exit through the same window before he could be captured. Nothing was missed but a mouth organ, and a purse containing a few dollars that lay on the table.

Mr. John Kressler who received a paralytic stroke about ten months ago, has not yet fully recovered from its effects. His arm and left limb which were totally useless for a time have partially regained their usual strength, but the difficulty now seems to be paralysis of the bowels. Some days he is apparently much improved but others, his affliction is aggravated. He bears his trials well and is much comforted by visits from his numerous friends.

There is enough printing ordered from parties out of town by the several corporations, and by business men, to support a first class office. Instead of going to home printers to learn their facilities and prices, many order their work away from home on the general supposition that what they want can't be done here. The best way is to inquire first what you can get at home before sending your money out of town for printing, or for anything else. The COLUMBIAN office is the most complete in this part of the state, outside of Wilkes-Barre, Scranton and Williamsport. Patronize home industries

About a year ago a numbering machine was purchased for this office, in which the numbers had to be changed each time by hand. The demands of our trade have so increased that a larger machine became necessary, and this week we received a new one costing seven times what our first one cost, and capable of doing the best work. Blank books, checks, receipts, and all kinds of printed blanks can now be numbered here. A new perforating machine has also been added to our machinery, which gives us facilities unequalled in this section, and fully as good as city offices possess.

The suit of William Krickbaum against W. H. Snyder was arbitrated at the Court House on Tuesday. The claim was for $87 for publishing the listof applicants for liquor license last January. Mr. Snyder made a contract with J. C. Brown to print the list for $40, but Mr. Krickbaum declined to make any contract, and when the work was completed, demanded pay at the rate of $1.50 an inch, which Mr. Snyder refused to pay. Mr. Krickbaum then sued him before Guy Jacoby Esq. and obtained judgment for the amount of his claim. From this judgement Mr. Snyder appealed, and the plaintiff ruled it out for arbitration. The award of the arbitrators was $45 for the plaintiff, or five dollars less than Snyder had offered him before suit was brought.

Phillip Hess, one of the citizens of Espy, departed this life Aug. 7, at the age of 66 years, 10 months and 15 days. The cause of his death was apoplexy. His funeral services were held in St. John's Lutheran church, at Espy, where he was accustomed to attend religious service since he had become a resident of the above mentioned place. The remains were borne to the Afton cemetery.

Many relatives and friends of the deceased were present to pay their last tribute of respect to the departed one, and to sympathize with the bereft widow and her children. May the consolations of Divine grace prove adequate to the support of the bereft family.

A. R. G.

The COLUMBIAN seems to harp on the statement that the job presses in that office are run by power, and also adds that in all the other offices in the county foot-power is employed. We don't like to contradict our esteemed contemporary, but the fact is that the *News Item* presses, both job and news, are run by steam power, and have been for the past ten years that we are aware of. We might add that the COLUMBIAN presses are run by water power.—*News Item.*

We accept the amendment, and cheerfully make the correction. The *News Item* runs its job press and newspaper press by steam power. The COLUMBIAN discarded a steam engine eight years ago and put in its place a water motor, because of its being a cleaner and better power, and with this we have propelled our news press and one job press, the latter almost constantly, ever since. We always have "steam up." Now we are running a new fast running book and job press also, and the best of it is that the presses are kept busy. No "harping" about this, Brother Randall, they are solid facts.

Two men, one giving the name of John Shuster, and the other, Jerry Devine, of Danville, were riding furiously through the streets of Bloomsburg on Tuesday afternoon, driving a horse dripping with perspiration, and on whose sides and back were great welts raised by blows from the whip. After they had driven in this manner for some time, John W. Gibbs who is in the livery business, and dislikes to see a horse abused, concluded to put a stop to it, and so sent for Chief of Police B. B. Freas, who soon appeared, and the fellows were stopped in front of the St. Elmo. Chief Freas ordered them to get out of the wagon, but Shuster who was driving refused, whereupon Silas Mosteller who was near by, removed him from his seat in a manner more hurried than dignified. Chief Freas, vigorously assisted by Mosteller, took him before Esquire Jacoby where he was fined $10 and costs, on a charge of cruel treatment to the horse. The other man was not arrested as he was only in company with Shuster and did all in his power to prevent the abuse of the animal. Shuster refused to pay the fine, but when the Justice wrote out a commitment, and there was no other alternative but to pay or go to jail, he paid. The horse was put away at the Central Hotel by Chief Freas' order, and on his release Shuster went back and demanded it, but it was refused him. A telephone message was sent to Danville and it was ascertained the rig had been hired from a liveryman named Moyer, who drove up in the evening and took the rig home.

Bloomsburg is not a healthy place for such conduct.

List of unclaimed letters remaining in the Bloomsburg, Pa., Post Office for the week ending August 27, 1889.

Eri Driebellis, Miss Jennie Girton, Mrs. Sara A. Hamlin, Miss Nettie Howar, Mr. E. J. Johnston, Miss Lake, Mrs. A. O. Van Allen.

Persons calling for these letters please say, "they are advertised."

GEORGE A. CLARK, P. M.

Stephen L. Harter, Gen. Sec. of Johnstown, Y. M. C. A. visited his cousin Dr. Harter on Saturday and S. M. Bard, Gen. Sec. of Wilkesbarre Y. M. C. A. Mr. Harter is one of the one hundred and fifty that was on top of a house roof two days and a night above the R. R. bridge where so many lost their lives, a large fire burning on both sides of them all night, expecting the fire to reach them at any moment. Mr. Harter was very much prostrated and has not entirely recovered yet, but is able to be out, and expected to return to Johnstown on Thursday. He tells some very pitiful stories about the flood.

JUDGE CUMMIN DEAD.

Judge H. H. Cummin, of Williamsport, died at Cresson, on Sunday morning.

Although he rallied a little about midnight, he did not return to consciousness, but continued in a state of coma until his death.

About the middle of July the Judge went to Johnstown to take charge of the State Commission, which was first organized at Cresson. He then went to Johnstown to organize the work, appoint his clerks and begin the onerous duties involved. After remaining there about three days, he returned to Cresson and had his work arranged so that by working daily from eight in the morning to three in the afternoon he could run down to Johnstown in the morning and return to Cresson in the evening.

It was then that his disease, Bright's, began to manifest itself, and he only made two or three trips down the mountain. Acting under the advice of his physicians he made Cresson his headquarters and did a very large amount of work there, after office hours planning all the work of his clerks. In about a week he gave up all attempts to work, and from that on the disease made rapid inroads to his system until death relieved his intense sufferings.

The funeral took place on Tuesday afternoon, in Wildwood, Williamsport.

Hugh Hart Cummin was of Scotch-Irish ancestry, and was born May 25, 1841, at Liverpool, Perry county, Pa. He was educated in the public school at his native village and afterwards became teacher in the same institution. Until 1862 he lived in Liverpool. In that year he removed to Williamsport, where he has since resided.

His legal reading was done in the office of the late George White, and in August, 1864, he was admitted to the Lycoming county bar. He enlisted in the army in 1864 and went to the front, serving until the close of the war, when he returned home and formed a partnership with his former preceptor, under the firm name of White & Cummin, which continued until Mr. White's death, which occured in 1808.

For ten years Mr. Cummin continued alone the practice of the firm, which become very lucrative. In 1878 he was elected President Judge of the Lycoming county courts. He was the people's candidate and after a hot fight secured a handsome majority. When elected the business was two years behind, but the dockets were soon cleared, and the county's business has since been kept up to date, though the expenses of the court were reduced about one-half.

After having made a record on the bench second to none in the Commonwealth, Judge Cummin retired early in the present year and resumed the practice of his profession, which he neglected when his city was devastated by the flood of May 31, and devoted his whole time to the relief of his unfortunate neighbors. He was chairman of the citizen's relief committee, and so well did he perform his work that Governor Beaver appointed him a member of the State Flood Commission, and he was by that body unanimously chosen as their resident representative at Johnstown.

He at once took up his residence at Cresson, so as to be near the scene of his labors, and it was while engaged in his arduous labors that he was stricken with the disease that terminated in his death.

Judge Cummin was married in May, 1869, to Miss Charlotte White, of Williamsport, who survives him with one son, who has recently finished his freshman year at Harvard College.

BASE BALL.

An interesting game of base ball was played Saturday last, between the home team and the Anthracites of Wilkes-Barre, which resulted in a victory for the Bloomsburg Club. This is the third game the boys have won from the Anthracites this season. It is the general expression that the Bloomsburg nine, in a fair game should be victorious over the Anthracites. The following is the score of the game played:

BLOOMSBURG.

	R.	1 B	P. O.	A.	E
Shaffer, c.	3	3	10	3	3
Hagenbuch, 3b.	2	1	0	0	0
Hayes, p.	1	1	0	18	0
Housel, l. f.	1	0	0	0	0
Heist, 1. b.	0	0	11	0	1
Ikeler, 2b.	2	0	4	1	0
Ent, c. f.	0	2	1	0	0
Sloan, s. s.	1	1	1	4	2
Eyer, rf.	0	2	0	0	0
Totals.	10	10	27	26	6

ANTHRACITES.

	R	1 B.	P. O.	A.	E
Franks, c.	2	2	4	0	1
Sylvis, 3b.	0	1	3	1	2
Ritmeyer, 2b.	0	0	1	4	0
Shu'er, r. f.	0	1	1	0	0
Klire, l. f.	1	0	1	1	2
Fritz, c. f.	0	0	1	0	1
Feisiier, s. s.	1	0	0	2	0
Wasley, p.	2	0	0	6	0
Searce., 1b.	2	0	13	1	0

INNINGS.

Anthracites 0 0 0 0 4 1 0 0 3—8
Bloomsburg 4 1 2 0 0 0 0 3 x—10

Earned runs—Bloom 6, Anthracites 0. Two base hits—Hayes, three base hits, Shaffer. Bases stolen—Bloom 5, Anthracites 9. Double plays—Ikeler and Sloan, Kline to Ritmeyer to Search. Base on balls—By Hayes 4, by Wasley 4. Base by hit by pitcher—Housel and Search. Struck out by Hayes, 14, by Wasley, 4. Passed balls—Shaffer 4, Franks 6. Wild pitch, Hayes 1. Missed 3rd strike—Shaffer 5, Franks 1. Umpire, McAuliffe.

Practical Education.

The Rochester Business University appears in this issue with a new advertisement, which we commend to the attention of those young men and young women who contemplate pursuing a commercial course, or who wish knowledge that will materially promote their interests. The new catalogue mentioned in the advertisement is an elegant book, setting forth the claims of an excellent school in a very pleasing manner.

"You take a basin full of water, place your finger in it for twenty-five or thirty seconds, take it out and look at the hole that is left. The size of that hole represents about the impression that advice makes on a young man's mind."—*Burdette.*

Death in the Operating Chair.

This community was shocked on Thursday afternoon of last week by the announcement that a lady had died suddenly in the dental chair of H. C. Hower of this place. It was soon learned that the patient was Mrs. Louise M. Eves, daughter of Ellis Eves of Midville and wife of Hiram Demott, landlord, of the same place. The facts as we learn them are as follows. Mrs. Demott in company with her husband came down to have two teeth extracted. She had been to Dr. Hower's some years ago and had a few extracted, and a plate made. As she came to the operating room, there was a lady in the chair, and Mrs. Demott would not enter the room until the Dr. was through. This lady was under the influence of Dr. Hayes "Aerated Hypnotic" and she had 15 teeth drawn inside of one minute. The lady arose from the chair and said she felt no pain at all. Mr. Demott then entered the room but his wife still persisted in remaining outside. There were two other patients in the room—the one waiting for an impression to be taken, and the other for some teeth to be filled. Mr. Hower sent his attendant to invite Mrs. Demott to come into the room and take a chair, as he would soon be ready for her. She came into the room and immediately turned and went out. As soon as the work of taking the impression of the other lady was over, Mrs. Demott was called in and asked to take the chair. Dr. Hower asked her if she was all right as far as she knew to which she answered yes, examined her pulse and found it beat regularly, but that her heart beat very fast. The apparatus for administering the "Aerated Hypnotic" was prepared and she was instructed how to breathe in taking it. She breathed slowly at first, and said that her heart felt queer. The Dr. urged her to breathe faster and she said she could not. At no time had she taken sufficient to have teeth drawn without any pain. The Anesthetic not taking effect on account of her not breathing rapidly enough, and because she said her heart felt so queer, the Dr. did not persist in her taking it, and thought best to draw some of the teeth even if it should give her some pain, the attendant being on one side of the chair, was ordered to draw a tooth, which he did. The Dr. was in the act of drawing another tooth when Mrs. Demott told him to wait, that it hurt too badly and that she would come in some other time. Her husband stepped from the back of the chair and asked her if it hurt very much, and she said, yes. She was asked if she would like a glass of water to rinse her mouth and she said yes. She was sitting up in the chair, took some water and sank in a convulsion. Efforts were made to revive her, but being unsuccessful, Dr. Willets was summoned. He examined her and said the case was doubtful; he immediately went out of the room.

Mr. Demott and Dr. Hower thought strangely of it and immediately sent for Dr. McKelvy, who came and gave no hope of recovery, and likewise left the room. Soon afterwards Dr. Heister Hower, nephew of the dentist, Dr. Harter, and M. J. Hess, dentist, came with the same and the four resorted to the use of the battery, artificial respiration, and other means, but with no effect. They worked with her 2½ hours, but at no time did she show any signs of recovery. Dr. Hower has used this anesthetic since February 1st, with good effect, nothing else having been used since that time. Her father, Ellis Eves, was summoned by telephone, and her two brothers immediately came down in a buggy. The two brothers entertained hopes of her recovery and being induced by Dr. Hower would not allow her to be placed in a coffin.

Mr. D. W. Kitchen kindly offered the use of his spring wagon and a mattress was placed in it and she was laid upon that, covered with a sheet and counterpane, and taken to her home.

She was 29 years, 5 months and 13 days of age, and had been married to Mr. Hiram Demott for 8 years.

Funeral services were held Sunday at the Friends' meeting house. Some remarks were made by Reuben Wilson. The funeral was the largest ever held in that section.

Charged With Embezzlement.

Dr. William H. Bradley of the Philadelphia "Weekly Press" was arrested Monday on a charge of embezzlement, preferred by the "Press" Company (limited). Owing to the absence from the city of Magistrate Lennon, who issued the warrant, the hearing was deferred. The amount of the defalcation is said to be about $5000. Capt. Robert J. Cook, business manager of the "Press," said in reference to the matter:

"We have found a shortage in Dr. Bradley's accounts, the peculations amounting after investigation to $5000. About one month ago we found a shortage. I noticed that an unusual sum of money was being drawn from the cashier to meet the expenses of the weekly, which created suspicion and led to this investigation. The money embezzled was drawn by Dr. Bradley to pay expenses, but instead of doing so he converted it to his own use."

Dr. Bradley came to this city several years ago from Wilkesbarre, where he was the proprietor of a daily paper. He was formerly a clerk in the House at Harrisburg and had a large circle of friends. He acknowledges his crime and wants to make restitution.—*Phila. Evening Herald.*

Dr. Bradley was formerly editor of the "Republican". We hope that he will be able to make a satisfactory explanation of the matter.

The Philadelphia & Reading railroad branch between Rupert and Bloomsburg, was opened for freight traffic Monday. The first car shipped over it was a car load of lumber brought down over the Bloomsburg & Sullivan railroad. Several large freight cars are stationed along the road on Fifth street, which will serve for a temporary freight house. F. R. Carpenter of Rupert will move to town and take charge of the freight on Monday next. Arrangements have been made for the sale of tickets at the Grocery store of Wm. Rabb. A schedule for passenger trains has been arranged which will go into effect Monday August 19th, giving five trains daily between Rupert and Catawissa as follows: Arriving 7:07 a. m., 8:10 a. m., 11:25 a. m., 3:40 p. m., and 6:28 p. m. Returning leave 7:26 a. m., 11:07 a. m., 3:20 p. m., 5:00 p. m., and 6:45 p. m. It is reported that a fast train will be put upon the road which will leave Jamison City on the B. & S. at about 5:00 a. m. connect at Bloomsburg with the Reading and run direct to Philadelphia returning the same day and will give about four hours for business in Philadelphia. If such a train should be placed on the road it would receive a great amount of the passenger traffic in this section.

Card of Thanks.

If the proprietor of Kemp's Balsam should publish a card of thanks, containing expressions of gratitude which come to him daily from those who have been cured of severe throat and lung troubles by the use of Kemp's Balsam, it would fill a fair-sized book. How much better to invite all to call on any druggist and get a free sample bottle that you may test for yourself its power. Large bottles 50c and $1.00.

Fine Cabinets in vignette or scroll.
tf M'KILLIP BROS.

Council Proceedings.

Bloomsburg, Pa., Aug. 8, 1889.

Regular meeting of Town Council. Met at usual place at 8 p. m.

Present: P. S. Harman, Prest., Joshua Fetterman, Louis Gross, R. H. Ringler, Frederick Schwin, I. E. Yost, E. C. Wells.

Minutes of last regular and special meetings were read and upon motion approved.

Town Surveyor, James C. Brown appears and submits a draft of the proposed extension of East Third street by straight and crooked routes.

Mr. Wells moved that an Ordinance be prepared directing the opening of said East Third street by the straight route. Seconded by Mr. Schwin. Yeas and nays called for and came as follows: Yeas—Mess. Ringler, Schwinn, Yost and Wells.—4. Nay—Mess. Fetterman, Gross and Harman.—3.

A petition was presented by residents of Eighth street asking that said street be graded, guttered and paved, from East to Iron.

Mr. Ringler moved that the prayer of the petitioners be granted and that the Town Surveyor be authorized to fix the grade. Seconded by Mr. Schwinn and carried.

On motion of Mess. Gross and Ringler, Wm. P. Conner was appointed special policeman for Oak Grove.

Dr. T. C. Harter appears and asks for permission to relay pavement corner East and Second streets on a line 'outside' of the trees.

J. H. Maize, Esq. appears and enters complaint regarding condition of crossing and gutter at his residence cor. Fifth and Centre streets.

Upon motion of Mr. Gross the secretary was directed to notify Thomas Gorrey and James Kinsley to stop taking sand out of Fourth street, to fill up the holes and erect fences so as to secure safety in the use of the street.

Upon motion of Mr. Ringler it is ordered that C. W. Eves be notified to stop sewering into the well near his property on East street.

Mr. Ringler moved that the following resolution be adopted:

"Whereas, it is found upon further consideration that for the purchase of a lot and erection of a building a greater sum of money will be required than is provided for in the resolution to make a loan of five thousand dollars, therefore

Resolved, That the resolution and action of the council in relation to the loan of five thousand dollars passed last meeting July 5 1889, be reconsidered and that the said resolution be revoked.

The plans and specifications of a two and a three story building, prepared by Architect E. E. Ritter, were presented and laid before council. On motion of Mr. Ringler it is ordered that the building committee be authorized to see the architect and direct the changing of the specifications by striking out costly materials, and then to advertise for proposals for two and a three story building.

A communication from the Sanitary committee enclosing complaint of citizens regarding the arrangements of the water closets by the Smead, Wills, system about to be introduced into new school building by Bloom School District, were presented and read. Mr. Gross moved that the communication be filed and copies of same be delivered to the President of the Board of School Directors. Seconded by Mr. Ringler and carried.

The following is the petition, and answer of the Sanitary Committee:

TO THE SANITARY COMMISSION OF THE TOWN OF BLOOMSBURG:

We the undersigned citizens of the Town of Bloomsburg desire respectfully to call your attention to the following: We are informed and believe that the Bloom School District is about to erect a public school building on the premises in the said Town known as the "old jail lot" lately purchased by said District. And we are further informed, that it is proposed to use in said building The Smead, Wills & Co. system of ventilation, heating and drying closets. And we are further informed that the system as to the drying closets will be prejudicial to the health of the citizens of the town of Bloomsburg inasmuch as the system is simply the drying of human excrement with hot air passed through the closets and then through the building out of shafts into the open air when in lowery weather the foul air and gases will settle to the ground and become a dangerous nuisance throughout the neighborhood.

Bloomsburg, Pa., May 13, 1889.

Bloomsburg, Aug. 1, 1889.

TO PRESIDENT AND COUNCIL:

Gentleman:—Upon inquiry in regard to enclosed complaint we learn the arrangements of water closets of the Smead, Wills system has not proved satisfactory in Cleveland and other places where the Boards of Health have compelled their removal from the school buildings. In view of such reports we would respectfully recommend that the School Board be compelled to attach their water closets to the sewer.

I. W. WILLITS,
W. M. REBER, } Sanitary Com.

A communication from the Sanitary Committee enclosing complaint of Milton E Cox against a nuisance maintained by John Henson, a neighbor, of daily throwing slops on and near his premises, rendering his house unfit to live in, was presented and read.

On motion of Mr. Gross it is ordered that John Henson be notified to put in a proper drain and abate the nuisance.

President Harman stated that owing to the sickness of the Comr. of Highways it is necessary to elect an assistant.

Mr. Wells moved that the salary of the Asst. Comr. of Highways be fixed at $1.50 per day. Seconded by Mr. Ringler and agreed to.

Gideon Heist was upon motion of Mr. Yost unanimously elected as Asst. Comr. of Highways.

Building permits were granted to A. H. Bloom, W. R. Tubbs, B. F. Hicks, and Geo. E. Elwell. H. J. Clark and Mrs. Mary Phillips were granted permission to relay pavements.

The report of the Comr. of Highways for July, and bills and accounts were read and upon motion were approved, and secretary directed to issue orders for the same.

On motion of Mr. Gross adjourned to meet Thursday, Aug. 22, 1889.

Attest WM. B. CUMMINGS, Sec.

A Lawn Festival.

The "Four O'Clocks," a club of young ladies in the Presbyterian church are working to raise money to purchase a stained glass window or a communion table for the new building in course of erection. For this object they will hold a Lawn Festival at the Manse on Third street, on Thursday evening, Aug. 15th. If the evening should prove unfavorable it will be held in the basement of the church. They hope to receive encouragement to repay them for their labor. The coming year is likely to engage the energies of the whole congregation.

A married woman should not expect her husband to stay home every night in the week. She ought to remember that the lodge has its rites.—*Terre Haute Express.*

The State Normal School, Bloomsburg made a reduction in the rates a year ago which was followed by the largest attendance the school has ever had.

The dormitory was not large enough to accommodate the patrons. To meet this difficulty and to provide adequately for Manual Training a wing one hundred and three feet by forty has been begun.

One thousand dollars will be expended upon the kitchen, the fittings of which will be similar to those used in Girard College and will come from the same firm.

The trustees have added more than four acres to the grounds during the year, three of which include the beautiful grove on the north of the school; they have opened a well supplied reading-room, have added materially to the cabinet of specimens in Biology, and have fitted up a chemical laboratory which is in the hands of Prof. Chapin from Johns Hopkins University.

A military company has been organized and equipped with muskets, that the young men may obtain the great benefit of military training. Membership in the company is not compulsory. The drill officer, Prof. Chapin, holds a certificate from the United States Government.

The prayer-meetings, that have been sustained for years by the young men and young women separately, developed during the year into organizations of the Young Men's and the Young Women's Christian Associations.

The school has been made even more easily accessible by the completion of the Bloomsburg and Sullivan, and by the construction of the Rupert and Bloomsburg Railroads which latter is continuous of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad system.

Sixty-four students graduated on the 27th of June in the several courses of study.

The benefits of Normal School training are meeting with increasing appreciation whether the students are preparing for teaching, for college, or for business.

It is the purpose of the trustees that the instruction shall develop mental power, and the discipline shall develop the moral and social virtues.

Dr. Mary Allen, of Ithaca, N. Y. has been engaged for a course of six lectures on Physiology and Health, to begin the first day of the term.

Miss Clara E. Smith, of Northford, Conn., a graduate of Mt. Holyoke, and of the Yale Art School, has been secured as Preceptress and teacher of Drawing.

Examinations for Senior Class Aug. 13 '89.
Fall Term opens Sept. 3rd, '89.
For further information apply to
REV. D. J. WALLER, JR. Ph. D.

For Over Three Months

my son suffered night and day with rheumatism; so much so that he was unable to feed himself. Your Sulphur Bitters cured him, and I am truly thankful to say they are an honest medicine.—MRS. W. H. CARLETON, wife of Deacon Carleton, First Baptist Church, Winchester, Mass. 8-16 2w.

BOONE—BURKE.

And so S. D. Boone has deserted the ranks of bachelorhood, and has decided to change his method of life—to live a reformed life, as it were. A few days ago he left Hailey in a queer sort of way for Salt Lake city, ostensibly on business. The next thing heard from Mr. Boone is that his business was to get married, and that the ceremony was performed last Sunday morning.

Miss Burke, the bride, is well and most favorably known in Hailey, having resided here for the past two or three years, until she left for Salt Lake city a few months ago.

Mr. Boone is an active real estate, loan and insurance man—a thorough business gentleman in every sense of the word.

A private letter from him received yesterday states that he has been in Denver for two or three days, and will return to Hailey about the 20 inst.

Upon their arrival the young couple will reside in the Morrill residence, on First avenue.

In common with all their friends the *News-Miner* extends its heartiest congratulations, and wishes them a long and happy life.

The foregoing is clipped from the Weekly Wood River *News-Miner*, of Haily, Idaho. Mr. Boone was a Bloomsburg boy, and all his friends here wish him much joy.

It is the Experience of Multitudes

Of intelligent people that a perserving use of Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, of Rondout, N. Y., will cure Fever and Ague, Biliousness, Rheumatism, Debility of the Stomach, Bowels, Kidneys, and Bladder, and all disorders arising from an impure state of the blood, when no other medicine or treatment has been of any permanent benefit. 8-16 4w.

A terrific rain storm passed over this section, Wednesday afternoon. There was a washout on the D. L. & W. above Berwick, and one was reported on the B. & S. above Light Street. The water fell in sheets, and the streets were like rivers. The leightning flashes were followed quickly by peals of thunder. Mrs. John E. Moyer of Port Noble, was struck and badly burned on one of her legs, but not seriously hurt. The road to Espy was flooded. It was through a great effort that the water was kept from Cox's brick kiln which was just being burned.

Base Ball.

One of the most interesting games of Base Ball will be played on Saturday, between the Danville and Bloomsburg clubs. These clubs are well matched and it will be a close contest for the game. Let all who can take advantage of this most interesting game. Game called at 3 o'clock.

The Drummer's Ruse.

A short time ago, a drummer from abroad called at a Bangor livery stable and wanted a double team for a ten day's trip into the country, and the stableman refused him one on the ground that he was a stranger. There was much discussion over the matter and finally the drummer said: "What is your team worth?" "Four hundred and fifty dollars," was the reply. "If I pay you that sum for it, will you buy it back when I return?" asked the customer, and upon receiving an affirmative reply, he promptly put up the cash. Ten days later he returned and driving into the stable, he alighted and entered the office, saying, "Well, here is your team and now I want my money back." The sum was passed to him and he turned and was leaving the place when the liveryman called out, "Look here, aren't you going to settle for that team?" "For what team?" asked the drummer, in a surprised tone. "For the one you just brought back." "Well, now," drawled the drummer, "you aren't fool enough to think that I would pay anybody for the use of my own property, are you?" and he shook the dust of the place from his feet.—*Bangor Commercial.*

Ayer's Ague Cure is an antidote for malaria and all material diseases, whether generated by swamp or sewer. Neither quinine, arsenic, nor any other injurious drug enters into the composition of this remedy. Warranted to cure fever and ague.

The Opening of the Rupert and Bloomsburg Branch—Reading Railroad.

On and after Monday August 19th the Reading Railroad will run passenger trains daily except Sunday over their new R. & B. Branch as follows: Leave Catawissa for Bloomsburg 6.55, 7.50, a. m. 3.24, 6.15 p. m. Leave Rupert for Bloomsburg 7.02, 8.00. 11.20, a. m. 3.35, 6.23 p. m. Returning Leave Bloomsburg for Rupert 7.26, 11.07 a. m. 3.20, 5.00, 6.45 p. m. For Catawissa 7.26, 11.07, a. m. 5.00, 6.45, p. m. Connections will be made at Rupert with all North and Southbound Reading trains.

The liver and kidneys must be kept in good condition. Hood's Sarsaparilla is a great remedy for regulating these organs.

Unwelcome Arrivals.

St. Peter—Halt!
New Spirit—Can't I come in?
St. Peter—I'd rather you wouldn't. You are just out of college, and we don't want any advice about running the universe.—*N. Y. Weekly.*

A Family Gathering.

Have you a father? Have you a mother? Have you a son or daughter, sister or a brother who has not yet taken Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, the guaranteed remedy for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Croup and all Throat and Lung troubles? If so, when a sample bottle is gladly given to you *free* by any druggist, and the large size costs only 50c and $1.00.

Consumption Surely Cured

TO THE EDITOR—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send wo bottles of my remedy FREE to any of

OUR AMERICAN NAVY.

The grand old party is in very hard luck with its navy. It was daring the Arthur administration that one of the formidable gun-boats of the John Roach design and finish, came very nigh sinking an inoffensive and demure looking old coal barge. From the reports of the officers there is good reason for believing that the coal barge would have gone to Davy Jones' locker, had it not grown obstreperous and sent the gun-boat to the bottom of the ocean. Rather an undignified ending of the great American Navy, but as there was no immediate use for war vessels, the loss of our naval fleet at that time was not seriously felt.

When the democratic party went into power efforts were made to secure a few armed cruisers and Mr. Whitney, the efficient secretary of the navy, issued a search warrant for the arrest and detention of a naval design if any such, in the absence of war ships, might be found. In time he obtained a design, which eventually grew into a real, genuine ship, with guns and other warlike bric-a-brac. No sooner was one gunboat completed than another was in course of construction, and this effort of Secretary Whitney's to increase the number of our naval ships was continued up to the close of his official term

Now that the grand old party is in power the navy is in imminent danger of destruction. While Blaine is at Bar Harbor twisting the British Lion's tail in Behring Sea, one of our gallant naval officers in command of the cruiser Boston attacks a rock off the coast of New York and the rock wins in the first round, knocking a hole in the under side of the Boston and stopping up the mouth of her commander with one blow. Now there is a lesson easily learned from these two mishaps to our naval flotilla. If a coal barge can sink our navy, and a rock almost destroy the entire sixth part of another, why not plant a few more barges and rocks along our coast line and bid the foreign enemy defiance? For, if our own naval officers cannot safely navigate in American waters, what possible safety could there be for vessels of war commanded by foreign naval troubadours bent on sacking our cities? Perhaps that old sea dog of Wall street, Mr. Secretary Tracey, will give some thought to this in future.—*Patriot.*

Some Immense Spiders.

Far up in the mountains of Ceylon and India there is a spider that spins a web-like bright, yellowish silk, the central net of which is five feet in diameter, while the supporting lines, or guys, as they are called, measure sometimes ten or twelve feet long; and riding quickly in the early morning you may dash right into it, the stout threads twining around your face like a lace veil, while, as the creature who has woven it takes up his position in the middle, he generally catches you right on the nose, and, though he seldom bites or stings, the contact of his large body and long legs is anything but pleasant. If you forget yourself and try to catch him, bite he will, and though not venomous, his jaws are as powerful as a bird's beak, and you are not likely to forget the encounter.

The bodies of these spiders are very handsomely decorated, being bright gold or scarlet underneath, while the upper part is colored with the most delicate fur. So strong are the webs that birds the size of larks are frequently caught therein, and even the small but powerful scaly lizard falls a victim.

A writer in Rare Bits says that he has often sat and watched the yellow and scarlet monster—measuring, when waiting for his prey with his legs stretched out, fully six inches—striding across the middle of the net, and noted the rapid manner in which he winds his stout threads around the unfortunate captive. He usually throws the coils about the head till the wretched victim is first blinded and then choked. In many unfrequented dark nooks of the jungle you come across most perfect skeletons of small birds caught in these terrible snares, the strong folds of which prevent the delicate bones from falling to the ground after the wind and weather have dispersed the flesh and feathers.—*Etc.*

Girl Detectives.

THEY ARE EMPLOYED TO KEEP WATCH ON CUSTOMERS.

The men who act as store detectives in the city enjoy to the full extent a credit which should rightfully be divided. Many of the clever captures of shoplifters in great uptown emporiums are due to the women. These seldom figure in an arrest, however, for two reasons: first it would tend to destroy their influences, and, second, they might have to go to the police court, which is not pleasant for any woman.

When a female detective encounters a lightfingered woman at a counter she shadows her until able to inform the male detective, who takes her in hand.

"It may seem a strange business for a woman to be in," said the superintendent of one of these houses in response to an inquiry, "but it's a great deal better than most of the occupations in which girls make a meagre living. It's a limited field, to be sure, but they frequently get married and drop out in that way, leaving room for new aspirants."

"Where do you get your new girl detectives?" he was asked.

"Right from behind the counters there. That's where they nearly all graduate. You see we get to know our saleswoman well and when one of them evinces extraordinary intelligence or alertness we cultivate her, so that when a vacancy occurs in the detective force we are able to offer her the place. Of course, we pay her more money as an inducement."

"Do they ever refuse?"

"Very seldom. Girls who are made of the stuff for a successful detective are never possessed of very keen sensibilities, and they have naturally gained a pretty thorough knowledge of the ways of woman when shopping by observation behind the counter. And this is something we can't get if we engage outsiders."

Grape Juice for Sickness.

The art of cultivating the Oporto vines and fermenting the Oporto Grape into wine in this country, and of preserving the Grape Juice fresh without fermentation has been brought to a greater degree of perfection by Mr. Alfred Speer, of Passaic, N. J., than by any other person; in fact he was the pioneer in introducing and advertising Native Wines. He has purchased hundreds of tons of grapes besides his own vintage. Mr. Speer's success has arisen from the strict purity and valuable properties of his wines for invalids and feeble persons, and his reputation extends around the world.

THE LABOR WORLD.

Brooklyn has the biggest bakery.

Pittsburg has the biggest ax mill.

Boot and shoe manufacturers are busy.

Window glass factories will soon start up,

The bakers of Leipzig have gone out on a strike.

Electricity is used to haul coal out of mines

Great Britain has 1500 co-operative unions.

England is complaining of the arrival of pauper labor.

The European workingmen are opposed to standing armies.

One of the street car drivers in Dubuque, Iowa, is a woman.

Silk manufacturing is growing very rapidly in the United States.

The United Order of American Carpenters is said to be increasing rapidly.

There is a wonderful increase in the number of foundry and machine shops.

On June 30 288 furnaces were in blast in the United States, and 293 out of blast.

The University at Atlanta, Ga., has a course in blacksmithing, as has also the University of the City of New York.

There is a great falling off in the immigration of laborers this year on account of the enforcement of the Contract Labor law.

The only woman barber in Boston is Jennie L. Dodge. She is a New-Hampshire girl and has followed her trade with success since 1883.

Silk weavers' wages have declined twenty per cent. in ten years, but they are said to be earning nearly as much, because the machinery is better.

Leading Paterson (N. J.) firms will establish an industrial school for the education of pupils in designing, dyeing and the weaving of all textile work.

The *Manufacturers' Gazette*, of Boston, says: "There is not another country on the face of the globe where workingmen are so well provided for as in America.

A wholesale vaccination contract was entered into recently by the Amoskeag corporation at the works, Manchester, Mass., taking in the whole 8000 operatives at the expense of the company.

The Southern Pacific Railroad Company has discharged 330 of its employees at Sacramento, Cal., 160 being machinists. The officials say that this action is taken to lessen the expenses of the road.

The Carpenters' Brotherhood is growing at an exceedingly rapid rate. It was only founded four years ago, but there are already 450 local unions, with a membership of 65,000, scattered through 475 cities in the United States and Canada.

Possibly the best organized painters' union in the country is the New York Progressive Union, No. 1. It pays $6 a week to disabled members and furnishes free medical attendance. A member receives $25 on the death of his wife, while in the event of his own death his heirs receive $50.

There were numerous casualties during the erection of the Paris Exposition buildings. It is estimated that 400 workmen hurt their legs, 260 received severe injuries in the eyes from projecting timbers or bars of iron, 114 were scalded or severely burned and fifty had their fingers cut off. The deaths from falls are put down at twenty-four.

What a Bull Fight Costs.

The cost of one of these corridas may be safely reckoned at not less than £1,500. There are generally six bulls killed, and these average from £70 to £100 each. Horses are contracted for, and are bought at simply "knacker" prices; sometimes as many as twenty-five are done to death. There are generally three espadas, and these, with their cuadrillas, may be taken one with another, at about £250 each.

Then there is a very large number of assistants and attendants; a very heavy rent is paid for the plaza, and the government tax, or "contribution," is also a considerable item. The "gate" may be estimated, given a "full house" —and it is almost always fairly filled —at some £2,000.

It is said that as regards the amount a famous espada may make that Guerrita, a very famous espada, though hardly more than a boy—for he is still in his 24th year—has already at only the beginning of the season, signed engagements for sixty-four corridas, at £220 each! When it is calculated that, at the outside, his following will not take more than about £70 of this, the amount that is left appears a very fair salary for a man—or, to speak more correctly, a lad—who probably had a difficulty in attaching his signature to his contracts.—*All the Year Round.*

An Unhealthful August.

It will be wise if people living in the neighborhood visited by the copious rain falls of July take precautions to guard themselves against the diseases which must almost necessarily result from the recent unusal precipitation. Should August prove to be a hot month it will probably be marked by more than its share of sickness. This applies to both town and country, and care will be as necessary in the one as in the other locality. But with a general knowledge of the situation in mind and by the exercise of a few commonsense precautions most of the ills following unusual atmospheric conditions of this Summer can de avoided.

The phenomenal rainfall of July, following, as it did, a wet June, has thoroughly saturated the ground and the walls of buildings with moisture. Many cellars have also been flooded, and even where such an inconvenience has not resulted basements must for some time to come be damp and musty unless they are located on very dry soil and are well ventilated. Where the most favorable conditions do not exist every effort should be made to keep the air in cellars dry and pure. If this is not done the foul atmosphere will permeate the whole house and be inhaled by every occupant. In the country extra precautions will have to be taken about exposure to the night air by lingering on porches and sitting by open windows. The turf and the dense foliage of the trees are completly saturated with moisture, which as soon as the sun sets give off damp and unwholesome exhalations.—*Ex.*

The tree that George Washington cut was once a cherry. But it is now a chestnut.

An Uptown Jeweller's Story.

I dislike to tell people how they have been imposed upon by professed friends, but occasionally I am compelled to do so for the protection of my own reputation. I presume every jeweller with an extensive patronage has had a similar experience—perhaps many of such experiences.

As an instance, a few days ago a young lady came to my store with a ring which she honestly believed to contain a fine large diamond. The setting needed repairing, and when I received the trinket I examined it closely, according to my custom. I told the girl what I would charge her, and she was just turning away when I called her back and informed her that I presumed she was aware of the character and value of the stone. She replied that she, of course, knew it to be a fine diamond. I at once informed her that it was one of the most common and valueless imitations.

Her indignation was boundless. She said the ring was given her by her dearest and best friend—a man who would scorn such deceit. I inquired whether she had had it repaired since it was given her, and she said she had not, and that she had constantly worn it from the time she received it until it was brought to me.

I then told her that her friend must have purchased it of some irresponsible and dishonest dealer, but she declared that he obtained it from a house the name of which is a sufficient guarantee of honesty. I proved to her that her supposed diamond was only paste, and she went away in a towering rage.

This is one of the many similarly unpleasant experiences. I am obliged to call the attention of my customers to such frauds. If I did not I would be regarded as a thief. Sooner or later the imposition would be discovered and then I would be charged with having substituted paste for a valuable diamond.—*The Jeweller's Weekly.*

Gounod's First Composition.

The following story is told about the beginning of Gounod's career as a musician; Gounod's parents did not fancy his taking up music. They took counsel on the subject with the headmaster of the school which their son attended with the following result: "Your son become a minister?" "Never, sir!" replied the master. "He has a decided aptitude for Latin and Greek." The next day Master Charles was called into M. Poirson's study. "Well, sir, they tell me you've been caught writing music" "O, yes, I want to be a musician." "You a musician! Why, that's no profession at all! But here is some paper and a pen. Write me a new air on the words from Joseph: 'Scarcely emerged from infancy.' Then we shall see what you can do," said the professor, delighted at the cleverness of his device. It was noon recess. Before the bell rang to resume studies Gounod was back with his page black with crotchets and quavers. "What, already?" said the professor. "Well, sing it." Gounod sat down to the piano and sang, and the tears soon began to gather in the headmaster's eyes. "Ma foi! let them say what they please, you shall study music."—*The Albany Express.*

Wooden Sole Leather.

The following is a description of the wooden sole leather invented by Dr. George Thenius, of Vienna. The material used is red beechwood. The best wood is taken from fifty to sixty-year-old trees, cut in the spring, which must be worked up immediately, bark pealed off, steamed, treated with chemicals in a kettle under pressure, and exposed to several more operations which the inventor does not mention, as he wants to have them patented. From the prepared wood strong and thin pieces are made by means of heavy pressure. The inventor states that a solid sole leather can be obtained, which he claims is superior to animal in firmness and durability, and can be worked up in the same way as animal leather, nailed and sowed.

The Drummer Abroad.

THE SCHEME OF A COMMERCIAL TRAVELER TO SECURE THE BEST.

"I'll tell you what I saw in Manchester, England," said a Michigander, who lately returned from a trip abroad. "On the hotel register I found the name of 'C. Sidney Smith, U. S. A. Ambassador to England and France and S. P. D to the Czar of Russia.' It was a puzzle to me and I smelt a mouse, but I waited to see him before giving anything away. After a few hours he called at my room. Then I found him to be an ex-drummer for a Chicago house. He had saved up a few hundred and was making a tour.

"'What induced you to register as you did?, I asked after a bit. "Simply to receive the respect and consideration due me,' he replied.

"'Does it come up on your bills?'

"'No, not to any extent, but it gives me the best for my money, and I have free carriage rides and many invitations out to dine. Men who register over here as plain Smith or Brown get only common. I'm off for France next week, and I shall register there as 'Special Envoy of the American Congress and Jim Dandy Representative of 70,000,000 Americans.' I'll get quail on toast when you fellows have only bacon. Well, so long. I'm off to dinner with a big manufacturer, and tomorrow I'm to ride out with an M. P. and a duke. Take my advice and hitch on a title."—*Detroit Free Press.*

Vigor and Vitality

Are quickly given to every part of the body by Hood's Sarsaparilla. That tired feeling is entirely overcome. The blood is purified, enriched and vitalized, and carries health instead of disease to every organ. The stomach is toned and strengthened, the appetite restored. The kidneys and liver are roused and invigorated. The brain is refreshed, the mind made clear and ready for work. Try it.

5/A HORSE BLANKETS
ARE THE STRONGEST.
NONE GENUINE WITHOUT THE 5/A LABEL
Manufd by Wm. Ayres & Sons, Philada., who make the famous Horse Shoe Baker Blankets.

SUBSCRIBE FOR
THE COLUMBIAN

Wolff's ACME Blacking
IS A GREAT LABOR SAVER.
A SHINE LASTS A WEEK.
RAIN AND SNOW DON'T AFFECT IT
NO BRUSHING REQUIRED.
MAKES A SHOE WATERPROOF.
USED BY MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN.
Can be washed like Oil Cloth, and absolutely
Softens and Preserves all kinds of Leather.
Ask for it, and do not give up till you get it, and you will be well rewarded.
Sold by Shoe Stores, Grocers, Druggists, &c.
For Harness it is unequaled.
WOLFF & RANDOLPH, PHILADELPHIA.

OH! MY HEAD!!
Suffering of a New Jersey Senator.—Dyspepsia, Sick Headache.—Terrible Things.
When the stomach is torpid it soon becomes clogged with half digested matters, the blood becomes vitiated and foul; the other organs fail to act normally, and induces a train of symptoms, such as dyspepsia, sick headache, dizziness, drowsiness, palpitation of the heart, pain in the back, loss of appetite. "There are few things that I believe in with all my heart and it affords me pleasure to tell of one of them." The speaker was ex-Senator Albert Merritt, head of the large fruit firm, 82 Park Place, N. Y., and the scene his office. "I was sick and feared I had become fated to endure the —

Tortures of Dyspepsia
and a dangerous affection of the kidneys. A relative said to me, 'Why don't you try Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, made at Rondout, N. Y.' I did so, grew steadily better, could eat, digest, sleep and work with a clearer head, and the yellow color my skin had given place to the tones that announce pure blood in every organ of the body in healthy action. Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is entitled to the credit of saving my life. I say no one has a doubt about the truth of my statements let him write to me. I can give you the names and addresses of fifty persons who affirm as I do, that 'Favorite Remedy' has been to them a help and a blessing in time of need.' Mr. A. Delbevere, Paterson, N. J., says: "For a long time I was troubled with severe attacks of dizziness and

Blind Sick Headache
due to impure blood and a disordered state of the system. I was advised to try Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, of Rondout, N. Y. I did so and have been completely cured. It's the best thing I ever heard of for any disorder of that nature, and I have recommended it to many with like success." Mr. Joseph Pitts, Taunton, Mass., says: "I recommend Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy for dyspepsia and sick headache. I suffered for many years with these complaints, and was cured by Dr. Kennedy's

FAVORITE REMEDY.
Price One dollar. Prepared at Rondout, N. Y.
Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy.
Prepared by
DR. DAVID KENNEDY, RONDOUT, N. Y.
$1 per bottle Six for $5. By all druggists.

TO CONSUMPTIVES
The undersigned having been restored to health by simple means, after suffering for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease CONSUMPTION, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To those who desire it, he will cheerfully send (free of charge) a copy of the prescription used, which they will find a sure cure for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, CATARRH, BRONCHITIS and all throat and lung MALADIES. He hopes all sufferers will try his Remedy, as it is invaluable. Those desiring the prescription, which will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing, will please address, REV. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburg, Kings County, New York. A-&-co.-dec-7-1y

FIRE INSURANCE
CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP, BLOOMSBURG, PA.
HOME, OF N. Y.
MERCHANTS', OF NEWARK, N. J.
CLINTON, N. Y.
PEOPLES' N. Y.
READING, PA.
GERMAN AMERICAN INS. CO., NEW YORK.
GREENWICH INS. CO., NEW YORK.
JERSEY CITY FIRE INS. CO., JERSEY CITY, N. J.
These OLD CORPORATIONS are well seasoned by age and FIRE TRIED and have never yet had a loss settled by any court of law. Their assets are all invested in SOLID SECURITIES are liable to the azard of FIRE only.
Losses PROMPTLY and HONESTLY adjusted and paid as soon as determined by CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP, SPECIAL AGENT AND ADJUSTER BLOOMSBURG, Pa.
The people of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses if any are settled and paid by one of their own citizens.
PROMPTNESS, EQUITY, FAIR DEALING.

SULPHUR BITTERS
THE GREAT
German Remedy.
TRUTHS FOR THE SICK.

For those deathly Bilious Spells depend on SULPHUR BITTERS it will cure you.	$1,000 will be paid for a case where SULPHUR BITTERS will not assist or cure. It never fails.
Do you suffer with that tired and all gone feeling; If so, use SULPHUR BITTERS it will cure you.	Cleanse the vitiated blood when you see its impurities burst-ing through the skin in Pimples, Blotches and Sores. Rely on SULPHUR BITTERS, and health will follow.
Operatives who are closely confined in the mills and work shops; clerks, who do not procure sufficient exercise, and all who are confined in doors should use SULPHUR BITTERS. They will not then be weak and elevy.	SULPHUR BITTERS will cure Liver Complaint. Don't be discouraged; it will cure you.
If you do not wish to suffer from Rheumatism, use a bottle of SULPHUR BITTERS it never fails to cure.	SULPHUR BITTERS will build you up and make you strong and healthy.
Don't be without a bottle. Try it; you will not regret it.	SULPHUR BITTERS will make your blood pure, rich and strong, and your flesh hard.
Ladies in delicate health, who are all run down, should use SULPHUR BITTERS.	Try SULPHUR BITTERS to-night, and you will sleep well and feel better for it.

Do you want the best Medical Work published? Send 3 2-cent stamps to A. P. ORDWAY & Co., Boston, Mass., and receive a copy, free.

J. R. SMITH & CO
LIMITED.
MILTON, Pa.,
DEALERS IN
PIANOS,
By the following well known makers:
Chickering,
Knabe,
Weber,
Hallet & Davis.
Can also furnish any of the cheaper makes at manufacturers prices. Do not buy a piano before getting our prices.
—.'.O.'.—
Catalogue and Price Lists
On application.
aug6-1y-ts

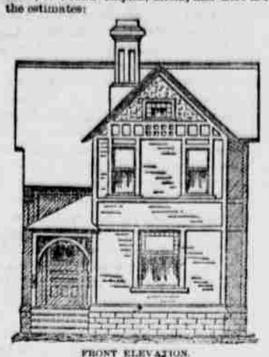
HINDERCORNS.
The only sure Cure for Corns. Stops all pain. Ensures comfort to the feet. 15c. at Druggists. HISCOX & CO., N.Y.

AER'S CONSUMPTIVE
Has cured more cases of Consumption, Coughs, Colds and all Throat and Lung Diseases than any other remedy known. For all these troubles it is the best remedy. Take no substitute. Take no other.
July 19-5-6.

A FIRST PRIZE DESIGN.

It Is by William Kerr, of Grand Rapids, Mich.

The first prize in Carpentry and Building's eighteenth contest was awarded to William Kerr, of Grand Rapids, Mich., and here are the estimates:

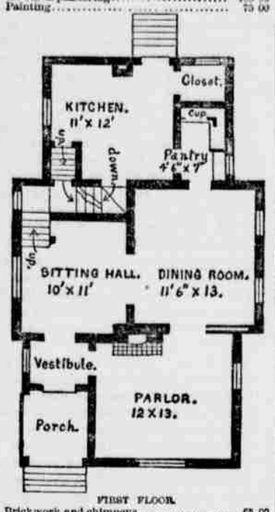


FRONT ELEVATION.

Stonework, 54 perch	$105 00
Sills, 750 feet	9 00
2x8 inches, 2,000 feet	24 00
2x6 inches, 700 feet	7 00
2x4 inches, 2,700 feet	32 00
2x4 inches, 600 feet rafters	6 00
Oulled boards, 4,000 feet	40 00
Siding, 2,000 feet	32 00

PERSPECTIVE VIEW.

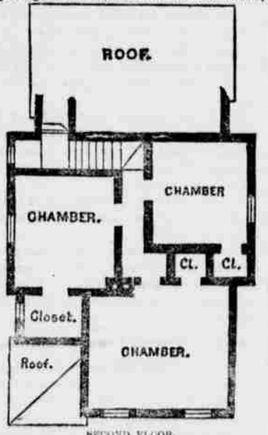
Flooring, 1,800 feet	$4 00
14 windows	28 00
14 doors	52 00
1 slide door	10 00
10,000 shingles	25 00
Finishing lumber, 2,500 feet	65 00
600 yards plastering	108 00
Painting	75 00



FIRST FLOOR.

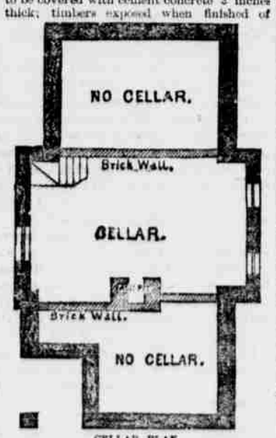
Brick work and chimneys	65 00
Carpenter work	800 00
Total	$998 00

The specifications provide for the laying down of footings under all brick walls of flat stones, not less than 12 inches thick and projecting 6 inches on each side of wall above;



SECOND FLOOR.

cellar walls are to be 1 foot 6 inches thick, chimneys contain flues 8x8 inches, with 6 inch walls and 2 inch partitions, the cellar bottom to be covered with cement concrete 2 inches thick; timbers exposed when finished of



CELLAR PLAN.

second quality pine; timbers not exposed of hemlock or pine, the frame to be of the balloon variety; the lumber to be of white pine.

Hospital Remedies.
What are they? The growth of intelligence in medical matters has given rise to a demand for a class of genuine, reliable medicines. The opportunity of the ignorant quack, who grew rich curing everything out of a single bottle has passed. To supply satisfactorily this demand this list of remedies has been created. They are the favorite prescriptions of the most famous medical practioners of the day, gathered from the hospitals of London, Paris Berlin and Vienna. Prescriptions which cost the patients of these specialists from $25 to $100, are here offered, prepared and ready for use, at the nominal price of *One Dollar Each.* Not one of them is a cure all; each one has only the reasonable power of curing a single disease and each one keeps its contract. Sufferers from Catarrh, Diseased Lungs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Consumption, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Liver and Kidney Complaints, Fever and Ague, Neuralgia, Female Weakness, Leucorrhœa, or Nervous Debility, should send stamp for descriptive catalogue to Hospital Remedy Co., No. 383 West King St., Toronto, Canada. If your druggist does not keep these remedies remit price and we will send direct free of duty.

THE HAY FEVER SEASON
July, August, September.
"At this season, when life offers the greatest attractions and the most delightful resources to persons whose soundness of body permits out-of-door exercise and amusements, multitudes are debarred from the joys of the summer by hay fever, one of the most exasperating, wearisome, and depressing ills to which humanity is subject—obscure, inexplicable, descending on a given date like an invisible blow of fate. The sufferers from hay fever have looked in vain for any trustworthy remedy. Many of them however, have looked in vain because they have been ignorant of Ely's Cream Balm, an admirable remedy for hay fever in all its forms. Agreeable in the use, entirely devoid of any unpleasant after effects, this Cream Balm quickly allays inflammation and seems in fact relief for which the sufferer has longed in vain."—From *The Christian Union*, New York City, July 10, 1890.
8-2-d 4t.

PERRINE'S PURE BARLEY MALT WHISKEY.

DISTILLED from selected Barley Malt and guaranteed to be chemically pure and free from injurious oils and acids often contained in alcoholic liquors. It is especially adapted to persons requiring a stimulating tonic, Consumptives being greatly benefitted by its use. Recommended by leading physicians as a Diuretic, Nervine, Tonic and Alterative. For Consumptives it is invaluable. PERRINE'S PURE BARLEY MALT WHISKEY insures a return of vigor to the stomach, a good appetite, a rich and abundant blood and increased flesh and muscular tissue. A stimulant mild and gentle in effect. Dyspepsia, Indigestion and all wasting diseases can be entirely conquered by the use of Perrine's Pure Barley Malt Whiskey. It is a tonic and diuretic and a powerful strengthener to the entire system. PERRINE'S PURE BARLEY MALT WHISKEY has proved a medicinal protection to those who pursue their avocations in the open air and whose daily work calls it exceptional powers of endurance. Ask your nearest druggist or grocer for for PERRINE'S PURE BARLEY MALT WHISKEY revives the energies of those worn out with excessive brain or mental effort and acts as a safeguard against exposure in wet and rigorous weather. It will drive all malarious diseases from the system. Hard workers or very vocation and persons whom a sedentary life renders prone to Dyspepsia find in Perrine's Pure Barley Malt Whiskey a powerful invigorant and helper to digestion. PERRINE'S PURE BARLEY MALT WHISKEY without unduly stimulating the kidneys increases their flagging activity, increases the effects of tonics and alteratives and acts as an absolutely pure, convalescence and is a wholesome prompt tonic. Watch the label! None genuine unless bearing the signa

The analysis as it appears by the La[illegible] on every bottle I have carefully analyzed the PURE BARLEY MALT WHISKEY made by M. & J. S. Perrine and find it entirely free from fusel oil, furfurol, aldehyde and acids and is absolutely pure.—Signed, *Camillia Arthur Mater, Graduate of the Universities of Munich, Geisen and Weisbaden.*

M. & J. S. Perrine

For sale by all druggists and grocers throughout the United States and Canada.

37 NORTH FRONT ST.—33 NORTH WATER ST., PHILA
FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS AND ALL DEALERS.

ALEXANDER BROTHERS & CO.
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Cigars, Tobacco, Candies, Fruits and Nuts.
SOLE AGENTS FOR
Henry Maillard's Fine Candies. Fresh Every Week.
PENNY GOODS A SPECIALTY.
SOLE AGENTS FOR
F. F. Adams & Co's. Fine Cut Chewing Tobacco.
Sole agents of the following brands of Cigars:
Henry Clay, Londres, Normal, Indian Princess, Samoon, Silver Ash.
Any order for Festivals will be supplied with the Lowest Market Prices, as follows:
Oranges, Lemons, Cream Nuts,
Bananas, Peanuts, Almonds,
English Walnuts, Pop Corn Balls.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

C. B. ROBBINS,
DEALER IN
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
WINES AND LIQUORS
—AND—
JOBBER IN CIGARS.
BLOOMSBURG PA.

GREAT
INDUCEMENTS
IN
Pianos, Organs, and Sewing Machines.

AT
J. SALTZER'S
MUSIC - - - - WAREROOMS
Bloomsburg, Pa.

PATENTS.
We have had thirty years' experience, and all Patent business transacted for MODERATE FEES.
OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE, and we can obtain patents in less time than those remote from Washington.
Send model, drawing, or photo, with description. We advise if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.
A book, "How to Obtain Patents," with references to actual clients in your State, county, or town, sent free. Address
C. A. SNOW & CO.,
Opposite Patent Office, Washington, D.C.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Prevents Dandruff and hair falling 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.
8-16-d 4w.

EXHAUSTED VITALITY
THE UNTOLD MISERIES
Resulting from the Errors of Youth, Folly, Vice, Insurance, &c., may be cured at home without full or exposure. Infallible and Confidential. Large Treatise, 300 pages, only $1 by mail, sealed, post-paid. Small book, with endorsements of the press, free. Send now. Address the Peabody Medical Institute, or Dr. W. H. Parker, No. 4 Bulfinch St., Boston, Mass.
4 ly 10-6-d.

FIFTY DOLLARS for LIFE SCHOLARSHIP
PALMS' BUSINESS COLLEGE
1106 Chestnut St., Philada.
Positions for Graduates.
Time required 3 to 4 mos.
BEST Equipped. Best Course of Study. Circulars free if you name this paper.
July 25-3m.

J. S. WILLIAMS, AUCTIONEER.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Real Estate Bought and Sold.
Parties desiring to buy horses and wagons would do well to call on the above.

FRAZER AXLE GREASE
BEST IN THE WORLD.
Its wearing qualities are unsurpassed, actually outlasting two boxes of any other kind. Not effected by heat. GET THE GENUINE.
FOR SALE BY
Merchants and Dealers Generally.

AGENTS WANTED to sell the ONLY Authentic, popular, Illustrated and Fast selling HISTORY of the
JOHNSTOWN FLOOD
By FLETCHER JOHNSON. Fastest selling book ever issued. Success of Agents is Wonderful. 300,000 copies already sold. Beautiful autograph photo pictures. We are Headquarters. Low price. BIG TERMS. Outfit 30c.
J. W. KEELER & CO., 525 Chestnut St., Phila.
8-2 d 4t.

BEST STEEL WIRE
Woven Wire Fencing
Wire Rope Selvage
McMULLEN'S
GALVANIZED
80c TO $2 PER ROD.
All sizes and widths. Gates to match. Sold by us or dealers in this line of goods. PRICE LIST free. Mailed free. THE McMULLEN WOVEN WIRE FENCE CO., Nos. 1702, 1704 N. Market St., Chicago, Ill.
Feb 11 6 3 w 13.

FREE FREE FREE
NEW Sewing-Machine
To at once introduce it into new localities in every county, we will give away a number of these machines absolutely free. Those who write to us at once can secure one free. The best sewing-machine made in the world, with all the attachments complete. No capital required. Full particulars free. Those who write to us at once can secure one free. The best sewing-machine made in the world, and the finest line of works of high art ever shown in America. Address
TRUE & CO., Box 740, Augusta, Maine.
Jn 5 (1-6-s

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.
EPP'S COCOA.
BREAKFAST.
"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—*Civil Service Gazette.* Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half pound tins, by Grocers, labelled thus:
JAMES EPPS & CO., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.
oct 26-d-6t.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD.
BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

STATIONS.	NORTH. P M	P M	A. M.	A. M
NORTHUMBERLAND	5 40	1 05	10 10	6 15
Cameron	5 55	.....	10 25	6 30
Chulasky	6 00	.....	10 29	6 34
Danville	6 08	1 58	10 36	6 40
Catawissa	6 25	2 14	10 53	6 58
Rupert	6 30	2 19	11 00	7 05
Bloomsburg	6 36	2 24	11 07	7 12
Espy	6 42	2 29	11 15	7 20
Lime Ridge	6 50	.....	11 26	7 27
Willow Grove	6 54	.....	11 26	7 31
Briarcreek	6 58	.....	11 30	7 35
Berwick	7 05	2 48	11 37	7 42
Beach Haven	7 11	2 54	11 44	7 49
Hick's Ferry	7 18	2 59	11 48	55
Shickshinny	7 20	3 09	11 58	8 06
Hunlock's	7 43	3 19	12 05	8 17
Nanticoke	7 50	3 26	12 16	8 22
Avondale	7 54	.....	12 20	8 26
Plymouth	7 59	3 35	12 25	8 33
Plymouth Junction	8 03	3 39	12 30	8 38
Kingston	8 08	3 43	12 37	8 45
Bennett	8 12	.....	12 41	8 49
Maltby	8 17	.....	12 45	8 53
Wyoming	8 23	3 52	12 50	8 58
West Pittston	8 27	3 56	12 55	9 3
Pittston	8 33	4 01	1 03	
Lackawanna	8 40	.....	1 10	
Taylorville	8 48	.....	1 19	
Believue	8 54	.....	1 25	
SCRANTON	9 00	4 22	1 30	9
	P M	P M	P M	

STATIONS.	SOUTH. A M	A M	P M	P
Scranton	6 10	9 50	2 05	6
Believue	6 17	9 55	.....	6 3
Taylorville	6 20	10 00	2 14	6 30
Lackawanna	6 28	10 08	2 21	6 37
Pittston	6 38	10 18	2 28	6 45
West Pittston	6 42	10 22	2 34	6 50
Wyoming	6 47	10 27	2 39	6 55
Maltby	6 51	10 30	.....	6 59
Bennett	6 55	10 34	2 47	7 03
Kingston	6 58	10 38	2 50	7 07
Plymouth Junction	7 05	10 42	2 54	7 12
Plymouth	7 10	10 47	2 59	7 16
Avondale	7 14	10 51	3 03	7 21
Nanticoke	7 19	10 55	3 06	7 25
Hunlock's	7 26	11 02	3 19	7 43
Shickshinny	7 47	11 12	3 29	7 55
Hick's Ferry	7 55	11 22	3 39	8 07
Beach Haven	8 07	11 28	3 45	8 13
Berwick	8 07	11 37	3 51	8 21
Briarcreek	8 13	.....	3 57	8 27
Willow Grove	8 16	11 48	4 01	8 31
Lime Ridge	8 20	11 52	4 05	8 35
Espy	8 26	11 59	4 12	8 41
Bloomsburg	8 32	12 05	4 18	8 47
Rupert	8 37	12 10	4 24	8 52
Catawissa	8 42	12 18	4 29	8 57
Danville	8 57	12 30	4 46	9 15
Chulasky	9 03	.....	4 54	9 23
Cameron	9 07	12 40	5 00	9 28
NORTHUMBERLAND	9 22	12 55	5 13	9 45